IGN NEWS BY TELEGRAPH OVER WIRES OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Times-Democrat.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT Furnishes Our Readers LATEST NEWS BY WIRE DAILY.

OL. XVII. NO. 150 LIMA, OHIO, MONDAY, APRIL 8 1901. PRICE THREE CENTS

WANT

e Foreign Troops to Leave.

Hung Chang

Anxious to Return to Peking.

erial Court Will Go There as Soon as Foreign Forces Depart.

of the Foreign Troops to Re- in as Legation Guards May Camp Outside the City to Avoid Friction.

ing, April 8.—Mr. Rockhill, Unit- tes special commissioner to Pe- had a long interview with Li Chang, who satisfied him that is not likely to be any further ther hitch in the negotiations settlement between China and wers. China has agreed to the f punishments submitted by the ters of the powers, asking only oncession, namely, deprivation ce, instead of banishment, in the f a man who is 70 years of age. is the ministers have agreed. Li Chang says the court is ex- ly anxious to return to Peking n as the foreign troops evacuate pital.

e of the ministers of the powers to think that so large a force as troops acting as legation guards city proper would be a great ge. Such a body would have to n in a space of one square mile. troops could not be allowed out- he legation quarter armed, and ld probably not be safe for them unarmed. It is thought by some ministers that, if the encamp- were made from 12 to 15 miles with the necessary stores, this gement would be much prefer- as a telegram could bring the into the city immediately. The ters generally fear that the pres- n Peking of a considerable force ops of various nationalities be a source of international n.

Must Be Signed.

ing, April 8.—The French are pposed by the Chinese near Hai- t are careful to avoid a conflict. e any advance would be antici- by the Germans, whose patrols miles within the province of Si, and can reach Tai-Yuen-Fu moment. At Ching-Ting-Fu the h intercepted a letter from Li Chang to the governor of Shan mplaining that the Manchuria ntion must be signed, because ropean powers were willing to w as usual to watch Russia de- China.

Mysterious Dispatch.

shington, April 8.—The adminis- n is perplexed over a cable dis- received from Mr. Squiers, now arge of the American legation in g. This dispatch said that the ian minister refuses to receive l communications from Chinese issioners," which carried the in- e that diplomatic relations be the two countries interested be broken off. The officials are reticent about the matter.

All Bet.

shington, April 8.—"All the war- ews," says Mr. M. Komatz, sec- of the Japanese legation. h has been sent out from Japan, ore or less exaggerated. For in- e, nothing can be more false the report that appeared on Sat- to the effect that Japan ad- ed to Russia a note which almost nted to an ultimatum. This re- s preposterous."

Japan Makes Ready.

tohama, April 8—Shipping com- s have been ordered to hold their ls in readiness for transport es. Cruisers on the reserve list been commissioned for active e. All leave has been recalled fficers of the first reserve have warned for service. There is popular excitement.

Free Hand in Korea.

ing, April 8.—It is asserted on authority that Russia is willing ve Japan a free hand in Korea a view to preventing her assum- hostile attitude.

TO THE POINT.

of the Four Quarters Presented in Popular Form.

ernor Allen to continue as gov- of Porto Rico at the president's st.

eck of the collier Merrimac, sunk obson, blown up in harbor of ago.

DEVASTATION

Of Transvaal Farms Is Continued by the British Forces.

London, Apl. 8.—A letter seen by your correspondent shows that the devastation of the Transvaal is still being carried on by the British. The farms of eight families who took oath of neutrality were not spared but were burned and destroyed. Johannessburg, from being the busiest place in south Africa, has been damaged to fully seventy-five percent since the British took possession.

TWO FIREMEN

Killed in a Wreck of the Overland Limited in Nevada.

Ogden, Utah, Apl.—The west bound Southren Pacific Overland Limited, due in San Francisco this evening, has been ditched and burned near Wells, Nev., twenty miles west of here. Two firemen were killed.

GAINSBOROUGH

Portrait Returned to England After Twenty-five Years.

Liverpool, Apl. 8.—C. Mooreland Agnew, of the firm of Agnew & Sons, art dealers, arrived in Liverpool today on the Etruria. He says he has with him the real Gainsborough portrait, "Duchess of Devonshire" which was stolen from the firm in 1876 and which is valued at $50,000.

BREAK

Is Even Between Rep's and Democrats

In the New Ratio Fixed for the Representation

By Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of the State During the Next Ten Years.

Columbus, O., April 8.—The commission, consisting of Governor Nash, Secretary of State Layfin and Auditor of State Guilbert, who by the constitution are charged with the duty of decennially fixing the ratio of representation in the general assembly, made its report. But one change in the senatorial districts is made, that being the separation of Lucas county from the remainder of the Thirty-third district and its erection as Senatorial District No. 34. In the house the changes made are more numerous. Ashland and Holmes counties are classed as a separate district. Here the Democratic party loses a representative. Against this is the combination of Fayette and Madison counties, which makes a loss of one for the Republicans. Morgan and Noble counties are also districted together, making a doubtful situation. The other changes are of but little importance from a political point of view. The ratio of representation in the house is fixed at 41,576, in the senate at 118,787. The house will contain 11 members twice, 113 once, 109 once and 11 once. On McKinley's vote it will stand: Republicans, 84; Democrats, 26; on the Nash vote, Republicans, 72; Democrats, 38.

Town Quarantined.

Toledo, April 8.—Nineteen cases of smallpox exist at Oak Harbor, O., and the entire town is quarantined. Some doubt existed as to the nature of the disease, and Dr. C. O. Probst of the state board of health was summoned. Several cases are severe, and a child who died Friday of what was supposed to be chicken pox was really a victim of smallpox. Scores of persons have been exposed.

Wants Fresh Troops.

London, April 8.—Lord Kitchener has informed the war office that 18 volunteer companies, freed by reliefs, are coming home, and that arrangements are in progress for the speedy relief of further companies. He thus appears to be endeavoring to meet the demand that fresh troops be sent to the front to replace the stale men.

Talk of a Strike.

New York, April 8.—A strike is imminent on the Central Railroad of New Jersey system. The chiefs of the brotherhoods professed to feel angry at their failure to bring about negotiations with Vice President Warren of the railroad concerning the points of difference between the companies and its employes.

Kruger's Visit to the States.

London, April 8. — According to a dispatch from Hilversum, Holland, Mr. Kruger, who has just arrived there, has expressed an intention to go to the United States in June, and to visit Washington, Boston, Chicago and other points.

SAYS

Jones Never Killed W. M. Rice.

Albert Patrick

Who is On His Trial as a Murderer

Declares the Story of the Late Millionaire's Valet a Fairy Tale.

Object of Accusations Against Him He Claims is a Scheme to Keep Him in Jail During the Will Litigation.

New York, April 8.—Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, who is charged with the murder of millionaire William Marsh Rice, made his first statement concerning the case. Said he:

"Jones never killed W. M. Rice. Had he done so he never would have testified to it, especially as the district attorney has promised him no immunity, nor would his counsel, even though provided by Captain Baker, have permitted him to do so. His confidence is due to the fact that W. M. Rice, at the age of 84, died of heart failure, as did his brother, F. A. Rice, Saturday, at the age of 70, and there will never be any proof otherwise. The only crime of which Jones is guilty is that of conspiring against the 1900 will and that of perjury in the present proceedings. His fairy story is the result of a collaboration with Captain James A. Baker, Jones' lawyer; Mr. Battle, who is hired by Baker; Assistant District Attorney Osborne and Professor Witthaus, the professional expert, whose report Osborne for the last six months has been expecting in a few days, and who swore that Rice died of mercurial poisoning, if he did not die of something else.

"The object of Jones' story is to have me held in prison, pending the will litigation. My arrest on a murder charge and the desperate attempt to hold me is due entirely to my ability and attempt to give bail on any less charge. The stock in trade of the opposition to the 1900 will is their already demonstrated ability to control the district attorney's office; that is to say, that portion presided over by Osborne, over which there seems to be no administrative supervision.

"The use, under the guise of witnesses, of professional handwriting experts to swear the signatures of the 1900 will, checks, assignments, etc., are forgeries, and the providing of false testimony, are all in the same line. Jones swore on the witness stand and Osborne admitted it in open court, that Jones had informed Osborne about January that Jones had killed Mr. Rice with chloroform, and that subsequently, in collaboration with Witthaus, on Feb. 27, the present complaint charging me with killing Rice with mercurial poison, was made at the instance of Osborne, in an attempt to deprive me of all knowledge of the nature of the accusation against me until he had used as witnesses those whom he supposed to be for me.

"I have been informed that Jones has been for several weeks past permitted to roam the streets and is being plentifully supplied with money. So far as I am concerned I have no objection provided that Jones be kept within the jurisdiction of the court.

"Of personal revenge I have no thought, but if I am ever convinced that W. M. Rice was murdered, I shall do my utmost to convict all implicated, in which event I am sure I can prove the motive to the alleged will of 1896 and the instigators to be persons striving to uphold it, and prove that Jones did the deed believing that he could thus prevent the consummation of Mr. Rice's plans through me."

Government of Philippines.

Cagayan, Mindanao, P. I., April 8.—In response to interrogatories from Mr. Root, United States secretary of war, the Philippine commission has prepared recommendations as to the form of general civil government to be established for the Philippines July 1, and to continue until congress shall have organized a permanent government for the archipelago. This temporary civil government is expected to consist of a governor, a cabinet and a legislative council, and it is believed that the members of the present commission will act as the principal advisers of Governor General Taft.

To Entertain McKinley.

Denver, April 8.—A nonpartisan committee of 21, including United States Commissioners Teller and Patterson, ex-Senator Wolcott and Congressmen Bell and Shafroth, will receive and entertain President McKinley on his visit to Denver. The president is expected to spend three days in Denver, one at Colorado Springs and one at Pike's Peak.

Schooner Wrecked.

Gloucester, Mass., April 8.—The three-masted schooner Hyenia of Calais, Me., bound to that port from Perth Amboy, went ashore at East Gloucester, and is a total wreck. Captain R. B. Dix of West Tremont, Me., and Steward Fuller, residence unknown, were lost, while two other members of the crew, Bernett and Elmer Stanley, were saved.

Pastors' Conference.

Columbus, O., April 8. — A conference of pastors and laymen, representing churches of various denominations, will be held here April 9 to discuss the advisability of forming an interdenominational federation of the churches and Christian workers of Ohio.

Diaz Is Improving.

City of Mexico, April 8.—President Diaz has returned from a hunting expedition, and is in fine physical condition.

Big Mortgage Filed.

Wapakoneta, O., April 8.—A first mortgage or deed of trust was filed here Saturday with the recorder by the Toledo and Ohio Central Railway Company to the Morton Trust Company, as trustees, of New York, for $500,000, on the Columbus and St. Marys extension of the Detroit and Lima Northern Railroad, between Peoria and St. Marys.

DOUBLE

Headed Freight Train is Wrecked

By Striking a Cow on the Cincinnati Southern.

Both Engines Were Ditched, One Fireman Was Scalded to Death and Three Other Men Were Injured.

Chattanooga, April 8. — A double-header freight on the Cincinnati Southern railroad, carrying coal and coke, was wrecked north of Spring City, the front engine striking a cow, whose carcass rolled under the wheels. Both engines were ditched, at the same time exploding their boilers. Engineer Williams of the first engine jumped, but struck on the rail of a sidetrack, crushing his shoulder and seriously injuring his chest and back. Fireman Will Dugger of Oakdale was caught by steam and boiling water after the explosion and was scalded to death. Three others were seriously injured.

WHOLESALE

Murders Committed Because of a Lust for Blood.

A Small Pox Victim Confesses to Having Committed a Number of Fiendish Crimes.

Memphis, April 8.—Levy Charles, lying at the point of death with small pox at the Clarksdale pest house, has confessed to the murder of Capt. Day and Patrolman Long. He says he also caused the death of ten other persons and wounded thirty other men, women and children. All these murders were mysterious and caused great sensations at the time. All took place in New Orleans between July 24, and 27, last. The murderer gives no other reason for the crimes but a lust for blood. He confessed when told he could not live twenty-four hours. His identity has not been established.

The Weather.

Washington, April 8.—For Ohio, generally fair tonight and Tuesday.

GEN. CHAFFEE

Reports That the Powers Propose to Destroy Chinese Forts.

Washington, April 8.—General Chaffee has reported to the war department that the allied military commands, despite of his strong protests, have decided to recommend the absolute destruction of the forts at Taku, Tien Tsin, Shanghai, Kwan, Yang Tsun, and Tung Chow. General Chaffee proposes that they should be merely dismantled but he was outvoted.

HALF

A Million Goes Up in Smoke.

Grain Elevator

At St. Louis Destroyed by Fire.

Sparks from Switch Engine Started the Disastrous Blaze.

Contents of the Building Consisted of Nearly a Million Bushels of Grain—Reduced to Worthless Wreck.

St. Louis, April 8.—Sparks from a switch engine set fire to the big elevator on the river front at the foot of Biddle street, owned by the St. Louis Elevator and Storage company, and within less than two hours the building was reduced to ashes, entailing a loss of nearly $650,000. H. C. Haarstick, president of the company, said the building and the contents, which consisted of about 800,000 bushels of wheat and corn, were fully insured. It was his opinion that the loss of the grain would not affect local market.

The burned elevator was the second largest in St. Louis, and was used for storage purposes by others than members of the St. Louis Elevator and Storage company, but the latter just at this time happened to own almost all the grain. The building contained corn and wheat of grades below No. 2. Only a small amount of high-class cereals were stored there. The building was insured for $300,000 and the storage company's grain for $550,000. Other insurance on private storage will aggregate $50,000. Nearly every insurance company represented in St Louis carried policies on the grain. There will be little, if any, grain salvaged, the fire and water having made a clean sweep.

Her Hair Caught Fire.

Ada, Minn., April 8. — While Miss Maggie Riggers, a milliner, was preparing her Easter toilette, she was burned to death. Miss Riggers lived in the rear portion of her millinery store. She had heated a curling iron over a small gasoline stove. In some manner her hair caught fire, and in her endeavors to extinguish it the flames communicated to the inflammable millinery stock, and the building and its contents were destroyed. Miss Riggers' screams were heard by neighbors, but before she could be rescued she was burned to a crisp.

Damaged by Fire.

New York, April 8. — A fire which broke out at different times did damage to the extent of $175,000 to stock of the Sudhaus Paper company and the machinery belonging to the company, as well as to the stock of Sweetzer, Pembrook & Company, both firms occupying the building at 83 and 85 White street.

Killed by an Explosion.

Alliance, O., April 8.—While the Alliance department was fighting a fire the cap blew off the acid receptacle of the chemical engine, instantly killing Fireman Torry Walker.

Bandit Killed.

Dickinson, N. D., April 8.—Excitement runs high as a result of the day's work of Sheriff John Goodall and a posse of deputies. The sheriff learned that a man named McPeak, alias Jim McCarthney, a desperado, wanted both in this state and Montana for a long time, was near Dickinson. He secured a posse, went after McPeak and arrested him on a charge of horsestealing. Later McPeak attempted to escape and was shot dead.

Assaulted by a Footpad.

Kansas City, April 8.—Mrs. Isabel Thompson was fatally wounded by a footpad who, in attempting to rob her as she was coming home from church, crushed her skull with a coupling pin. She was found after midnight and is now at the city hospital in a dying condition. There is no clew to the footpad. During the winter the people have been more or less seriously affected by footpads.

Italian Squadron Sails.

La Spezia, Italy, April 8.—The Italian squadron sailed for Toulon in two divisions, the first commanded by the Duke of Genoa, consisting of six ironclads and two torpedo boats, and the second under Rear Admiral Coltelletti, consisting of seven ironclads and one torpedo boat. The Duke of Genoa bears an autograph letter from King Victor Emmanuel to President Loubet.

A Dreary Easter.

New York, April 8.—It was a sombre Easter, raincoated and much-umbrellaed. It did not rain enough to drive the people straight from church to their homes, nor did it shine enough to draw them in the old-time throngs to Fifth avenue. Altogether it was the dreariest Easter in 20 years in New York City.

Valuable Colt Dead.

Lexington, Ky., April 8.—The suckling colt, full brother to the Kentucky derby winner, Lieutenant Gibson, by W. G. Johnson, dam Sophy Hardy, died of lockjaw at the farm of B. L. Baker. The colt's dam died on foaling, and owing to her great value her owner was endeavoring to raise him by artificial means.

Cruiser New York.

Algiers, April 8.—The United States armored cruiser New York, flagship of Rear Admiral Rodgers, senior squadron commander of the Asiatic station, sailed from Algiers on her way to Manila.

Injuries Proved Fatal.

Cincinnati, April 8.—Charles D. Gildea, 28, a well known telegraph operator, died at his home here from the effects of internal injuries received in a fight.

Another Electric Road.

Toledo, April 8.—The Toledo and Findlay Traction Company, of Findlay, Ohio, was Saturday incorporated with a capital of $1,500,000 to build an electric railway from Toledo to Findlay. The incorporators are mostly Cincinnati men, including George L. S. and G. B. Kerper and Henry Burkhold.

ROWDIES

Break Up Services in an Elwood Church.

Convention was Being Held When a Drunken Gang

Entered the Church, Knocked the Minister Down and Tramped Him in the Pulpit—Three Arrests Made.

Elwood, Ind., April 8.—During a convention of the Holiness church, which is being held in this city, Rev. Hass, in the midst of his discourse, was attacked by a gang of drunken young rowdies. Rev. Hass was knocked down and trampled upon in his pulpit. A general scrimmage took place, the women and children fainting and screaming. A riot call was sent in and the police arrested three members of the gang. The church, after the riot, resembled being struck by a cyclone instead of being a house of worship.

THROUGH A BRIDGE

Plunged a Frightened Horse, Two Persons Being Drowned.

Milwaukee, April 8.—Mrs. Michael Chart and her 7-year-old daughter Mary were drowned in the Kinnikinnic river at the Kinnikinnic bridge, which was open for repairs. Mrs. Chart, her husband and daughter, were in a buggy drawn by a nervous horse, which, becoming frightened, ran away and plunged through the open bridge into the river, dragging the buggy and its occupants with it. Mr. Chart was saved, a policeman throwing a rope to him, but the mother and daughter were caught by the buggy top, carried to the bottom of the river and drowned. The bodies were recovered.

Boers Won't Quit.

London, April 8.—The Pretoria correspondent of The Morning Post, who warns his countrymen against hoping for an early termination of hostilities or believing the stories that the Boers are tired of war, says: "It becomes daily more evident that the Boers intend to fight to a finish. Many are surrendering, but they are men of no standing. The real fighting men are still on commando, and although the recently successful British operations tend to bring the end nearer, it is evident that the Boers must be completely crushed before a general surrender is probable."

To Greet the Italians.

Paris, April 8.—There was no important change in the condition of M. Waldeck-Rosseau, and President Loubet, whose movements have been materially affected recently by the illness of the premier, started for Toulon to greet the visiting Italian squadron under the Duke of Genoa. M. Loubet was accompanied by M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, and General Andre, minister of war.

Is It the Plague?

Washington, April 8.—Nothing has been received by the officials of the marine hospital service here regarding the sickness, believed to be bubonic plague, of a student in the Ann Arbor, Mich., university. The appearance of the plague in the interior would be a matter of some surprise to the officials of the service, as that sickness is more apt to manifest itself at the seaport cities.

RAFT

Rode the Waves for Forty Days.

Twelve Sailors

Who Rode it Went Crazy from Hunger.

Ten of Unfortunates Were Murdered and Their Flesh Eaten.

Horrible Result of the Wreck of a Nova Scotian Bark Which Struck on a Reef After Manila.

Singapore, April 8.—A ghastly story of cannibalism at sea was brought to Singapore by two survivors of the Nova Scotian bark Angola, wrecked six days' sail from Manilla, Oct. 23 last. The survivors, Johnson, a Swede, and Marticornu, a Spaniard, assert that the Angola struck a reef. Two rafts were built. The smaller, bearing five men, disappeared. The other, with 12 men, drifted for 40 days. The sailors ate barnacles, sea weed, and finally their boots. On the twenty-fifth day two became insane and killed themselves. On the twenty-sixth a Frenchman killed the mate with an ax, drank his blood and tried to eat his brains, but was prevented by the others. Next day the Frenchman was killed while attempting to murder the captain. The survivors, all of whom were now insane, ate the Frenchman's body. Cannibalism continued until only Johnson and Marticornu remained. On the forty-second day the raft stranded on Subi or Flat island, northwest of Borneo. Johnson and Marticornu were awfully emaciated. Friendly Malays sent them by junk to Singapore.

Carter Wants Out.

Washington, April 8.—Attorneys for Captain Oberlin M. Carter, now serving a sentence in the Leavenworth, Kan., penitentiary for defrauding the government, have given notice to the government that they will make application to the supreme court for the release of their client on bail pending a hearing before that court on his appeal from the judgment of the lower court refusing him a writ of habeas corpus. The application will be contested by Solicitor General Richards of the department of justice.

Military Value of Wheelmen.

London, April 8.—In the volunteer cyclists' maneuvers, ordered by the British war office, the attack on London proved that the military value of wheelmen is largely dependent upon the weather. The attacking force outgeneraled the defenders, but lost so many men in the rain and owing to the bad roads, that it was unable to attack in force at the proper time.

Wants the Speeders.

Lexington, Ky., April 8.—Andy J. Welch of the Hartford (Conn.) Trotting association arrived in Lexington, and is the guest of John E. Madden. It is reported that Welch is here for the purpose of seeing Dave Cahill, the owner of Charley Herr, and clinching a match between Herr and Crescens. Welch, it is understood, will make an earnest effort to secure the Boralma and The Abbott race and the Herr-Crescens race for Hartford in September. Both of these events have been scheduled to come off at the Lexington meeting in October.

Western Assocation.

Louisville, April 8.—The reserve rule adopted by the new Western association was the same as that in operation in the National league. One of the laws adopted was that 10 per cent of the gross gate receipts of each game must be deducted and forwarded to President Meyer to defray the running expenses of the league, and the remaining 90 per cent of the receipts to be equally divided between the home and visiting clubs. The agreement was signed for three years.

Highwaymen Worsted.

Kenova, W. Va., April 8.—Mont Wellman, a railway conductor, was held up by two masked men. He flashed two revolvers and dropped both men, who are negroes. They are dangerously wounded. Wellman was scratched in the temple by a bullet.

Battle With Horsethieves.

Dickinson, N. D., April 8. — There has been a battle between horsethieves and a sheriff's posse in the bad lands. One thief was killed and all the others captured.

Only One Saved.

Portland, Me., April 8.—The St. John schooner Wendall Burpee went ashore on the cape, and the mate only was saved.

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

Catarrh

Is a disease of the mucous membrane or inner lining of the nose, throat, lungs, stomach, bowels and other organs. It is caused by a cold or succession of colds irritating the delicate surfaces, and is promoted by scrofulous taints in the blood.

It is especially dangerous in persons having a predisposition to consumption.

In these and all other catarrhal cases, Hood's Sarsaparilla so thoroughly renovates the blood and restores strength that it permanently cures.

In fact, because of the character of the disease, and peculiar merit of the remedy, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only common sense treatment for catarrh.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's—be sure to get Hood's.

REDUCED RATES

Northwest, West, South and Southeast, via Pennsylvania Lines.

The sale of special fare colonists tickets to California, and settlers' tickets to the Northwest, West, South and Southeast has been resumed via Pennsylvania Lines. Particular information about fares, through time and other details will be furnished upon application. Please call on or address F. M. Ebkin, Ticket Ag't

David City Neb., April .. 1900.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy., N. Y.

Gentlemen —I must say in regard to GRAIN-O that there is nothing better or healthier. We have used it for years. My brother was a great coffee drinker. He was taken sick and the doctor said coffee was the cause of it and told us to use GRAIN-O. We got a package but did not like it at first but now would not be without it. My brother has been well ever since we started to use it. Yours truly, Lillie Sochor.

$55.75 TO CALIFORNIA.

The Chicago & Erie railroad will sell cheap one way tickets to California on Tuesdays of each week up to and including April 30. See agent F. C. McCoy. sat&wed tf

V. B. Conklin Bowersville, O., says "I received more benefit from Foley's Kidney Cure than from months of treatment by physicians."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor Main and North streets

Navigation on the Mississippi.

Contrary to the generally accepted opinion it is asserted that more steam vessels are now used on the Mississippi river and its tributaries than ever before. John W. Bryant of New Orleans so testified before the industrial commission in Washington. More relief is sought against the impediments to navigation.

The editor of the Fordville, Ky Miscellaneous, writes as a postscript to a business letter: "I was cured of kidney trouble by taking Foley's Kidney Cure." Take nothing else.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Philadelphia's Homeless People.

The Philadelphia Record says that during the year 1900 44,361 persons applied to the police of Philadelphia for shelter. Of these it may be interesting to know that more than one-half, or, to be accurate 23,590, were Americans. Of the total there were 41,193 white men and 2,134 colored men, the remaining few hundred being women. There were 16,023 Irish, 3,737 German, 2,259 Englishmen, 303 Scotchmen, 76 Russians, 76 Poles, 33 Italians, 85 Frenchmen, 6 Turks, while Austria, Sweden, Norway, Wales, Hungary, Egypt, Servia, Denmark and Spain were also represented.

Ridicule will do more to cool a gusher than oceans of protest.

Dr. James' Headache Powders.

NERVES ON EDGE.

It is when the nerves are irritated and disordered that headaches come.
May be any one of a dozen primary causes, but the result is always the same.

Dr. James' Headache Powders

Soothe and restore the nerve force—make it impossible for headache to exist.
Perfectly harmless—no unpleasant after-effects.

Do not affect the heart in any way.

At all Drug Stores. 4 doses 10 cents.

Cure Where Others Fail.

EDWARD THE FIRST.

ONE OF THE GREATEST OF ENGLISH RULERS.

His Life Was Pure and Simple—The Justinian of England—Career as a Warrior—His Character and Appearance.

When the present King of England selected the title of Edward VII he perpetuated a name that has long been glorious in British annals. The son of Henry III and Eleanor of Provence, who was born June 17, 1239, at Westminster, was the first English king to bear the name. He was fondly nicknamed "Longshanks" by his subjects. He was more justly termed the English Justinian, as his fame rests to a great extent on his codification of English law. As a soldier he was able and discreet and effected the conquest of Wales and Scotland. After making Wales a part of his kingdom he established his oldest son and successor as the Prince of Wales, and the title has since continued. Many historians have considered Edward I as the greatest of English monarchs.

King Henry III, weak and irresolute, but pious and amiable, held in special reverence the memory of King Edward the Confessor, and he bade that his son should be called Edward. The birth of an heir to the crown was attended with great rejoicings on the part of the English people. The child had been born on English soil, bore an English name and the question of the succession to the throne was settled. Englishmen hoped that a new King Edward might renew the golden age of the pious Confessor. Their hopes were not doomed to disappointment.

Youth of Edward I.

Edward was fortunate in having devoted parents. His father and mother were attached to each other and showed the greatest affection for their children. All through his life Edward was bound by the strongest ties of duty and affection to his kind father and his proud high-spirited and loving mother. In his early years he was delicate and suffered many severe illnesses. When seven years old he was sick three weeks in Beaulieu Abbey, and his mother despite the criticism of the strict Cistercians insisted on staying in the convent that she might nurse him. As he grew older he became a tall, handsome, active boy with bright flaxen hair and was somewhat proud and domineering. His education was carefully directed and he could understand French, Latin and English with equal facility. Despite a stammer in his speech he ultimately became an eloquent speaker. It is also quite certain that he went through a careful legal training. The home lessons of purity and piety were deeply impressed on the young prince and all through his life Edward was honorably distinguished for his uprightness and the strength and fervor of his religious principles. Nor was his military training neglected. From an early age he became famous throughout Christendom as the bravest and most dexterous of warriors. He was an expert hunter, a fearless horseman and proficient in all sports which had in them a spice of danger. In 1254 he married Eleanor of Gascony and the union proved one of the happiest in English history. Edward and Eleanor rivalled Henry and Eleanor

KING EDWARD I

in the warmth of their attachment and the purity of their domestic lives. They were scarcely ever separated, Eleanor making it her pride to share in the toils and dangers of her husband. She exerted a wonderful influence over Edward and upon her death, after 35 years of happy wedlock, his whole character seemed to change for the worse.

Edward I as a Warrior.

Edward's first experience in actual warfare was during the contest between his father and the barons from 1258 to 1267. In the nine years of the struggle his character became matured and his experience ripened. He then ranked among the first knights, generals and statesmen of the day. In 1268 he took the crusader's vow to rescue the sepulchre of Christ from the insults of Islam. He started on a crusade but like all preceding similar attempts it was unsuccessful. Edward had many thrilling experiences during one of which an assassin attempted to kill him with a poisoned dagger. He warded off the blow with his arm on which he received a deep wound and then knocked the murderer down. Wresting the dagger from him he slew him with his own weapon. The poison worked in the prince's arm and different stories are told of the manner in which his life was saved. One is to the effect that his wife, Eleanor, sucked the poison therefrom. Another, and the most probable one is that an English surgeon who was with the crusaders cut away the affected flesh. The wound however permanently, enfeebled his constitution and many years later sharp attacks of sickness were traced back by his physicians to the effect of the assassin's blow. In the conquest of Wales 1274 to 1301, he displayed military genius and diplomatic ability. He marked the closing years of his reign by the subjugation of Scotland which was made a part of his kingdom. His military and executive ability were also often tried in many minor uprisings, rebellions and feuds.

Accession to the Throne.

Edward was proclaimed King of England in 1272, upon the death of Henry III. His accession was received with rejoicings everywhere in England. At the age of 33 the new King ascended the throne which he was so brilliantly qualified to adorn. The years of his apprenticeship had suggested the main lines of the policy on which he was to act for the whole of his long reign. His work as a King was to strengthen and develop

EDWARD VII IN MASONIC REGALIA.

the royal power, to widen the hold of the King on the nation by taking the people into partnership with him in the administration of his inheritance, to work out under happier auspices the great ideas of Montfort and to turn schemes meant to bring about a revolution into devices for the regular government of the realm. His ambition was to stand forth as the truly national King, one who ruled by the advice of his own nobles, and scorned foreign favorites and parasites. The lack of good laws during his father's reign impressed upon him the need of legislation and the codification of all English law. In carrying out this he was eminently successful and displayed great legal knowledge.

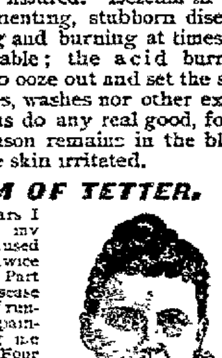
King Edward VII as a Mason.

While grand master of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Great Britain, King Edward VII was one of the foremost figures in the great fraternity which traces its origin back to the days of King Solomon.

ECZEMA'S ITCH IS TORTURE.

Eczema is caused by an acid humor in the blood coming in contact with the skin and producing great redness and inflammation; little pustular eruptions form and discharge a thin, sticky fluid, which dries and scales off; sometimes the skin is hard, dry and fissured. Eczema in any form is a tormenting, stubborn disease, and the itching and burning at times are almost unbearable; the acid burning humor seems to ooze out and set the skin on fire. Salves, washes nor other external applications do any real good, for as long as the poison remains in the blood it will keep the skin irritated.

BAD FORM OF TETTER.



"For three years I had Tetter on my hands which caused them to swell to twice their natural size. Part of the time the disease was in the form of running sores, very painful, and causing me much discomfort. Four doctors said the Tetter had progressed too far to be cured, and they could do nothing for me. I took only three bottles of S. S. S. and was completely cured. This was fifteen years ago and I have never since seen any sign of my old trouble."—MRS. L. B. JACKSON, 1414 McGee St. Kansas City, Mo.

S. S. S. neutralizes this acid poison, cools the blood and restores it to a healthy, natural state, and the rough, unhealthy skin becomes soft, smooth and clear.

SSS cures Tetter, Erysipelas, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and all skin diseases due to a poisoned condition of the blood. Send for our book and write us about your case. Our physicians have made these diseases a life study, and can help you by their advice; we make no charge for this service. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets. mch1-4m

NOTES ON SCIENCE.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

How to Prevent Mouth Breathing—An Auxiliary Book Guide—Complete Hospital Outfit for the House—The Telephonograph.

PREVENTION OF MOUTH BREATHING.

In a former article we considered some of the evil effects of mouth-breathing, and saw that it resulted in injury to the entire respiratory system as well as in actual deformity of the bones of the face. The cause of mouth-breathing is of course anything that interferes with the free passage of air through the nostrils. Thus in the early stage of an ordinary cold, the membranous lining of the nostrils becomes swollen, the nose becomes "stopped up," and the sufferer must breathe through the mouth, to his added discomfort. This is only temporary, yet it is by no means unimportant, for while it lasts it exposes one to inflammation of the tonsils, throat and lungs through the inhalation of cold and unfiltered air.

Of greater importance, however, are the causes of habitual mouth-breathing, from which so many children suffer. The most common of these is a collection of glandular tissue in the pharynx, and whenever a young child is seen to breathe habitually with open mouth, an examination of these growths should be made.

Physicians some times hesitate to remove them, for they say they will probably disappear as the child grows older but they may not disappear, and even if they do, it may be only after permanent damage has been done to the child. They ought always to be removed when they are voluminous enough to obstruct nasal respiration.

A somewhat less common cause of habitual mouth-breathing is the presence of enlarged tonsils—a condition which may or may not coexist with that just mentioned. These also will probably grow smaller as the child grows larger, but it is far better to remove them at once, before irremediable damage has been done.

Less frequently the nostrils are obstructed by growths, known as polypi, from their lining mucous membrane.

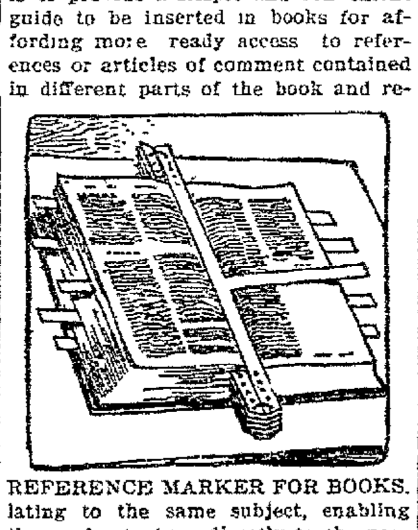
The treatment of most of these conditions is simple but as it can be carried out only by the physician it need not be discussed here. The aim of this article is to urge the necessity of seeking medical advice for any one, child or adult who habitually breathes through the mouth, in order that more serious trouble may be averted.

LONG BALLOON FLIGHTS.

The balloon races and contests conducted in connection with the Paris exposition were productive of some very interesting results. Every Sunday the spectacle was witnessed of a large number of balloons starting on their journey. "One afternoon," says Mr. A. Lawrence Rotch, "seventeen balloons raise successively, each aeronaut endeavoring to land as near as possible to some point that he had fixed beforehand. By taking advantage of the various air-currents and skilfully manipulating the guide-ropes, surprising results were obtained. One aeronaut, after traveling thirty miles, landed within half a mile of the goal he had set out for. The greatest height attained by any of the aeronauts was 27,000 feet. In the long-distance race six balloons started, and three of them landed in Russia. About 1,400 miles were traveled in thirty-seven hours.

AUXILIARY BOOK GUIDE.

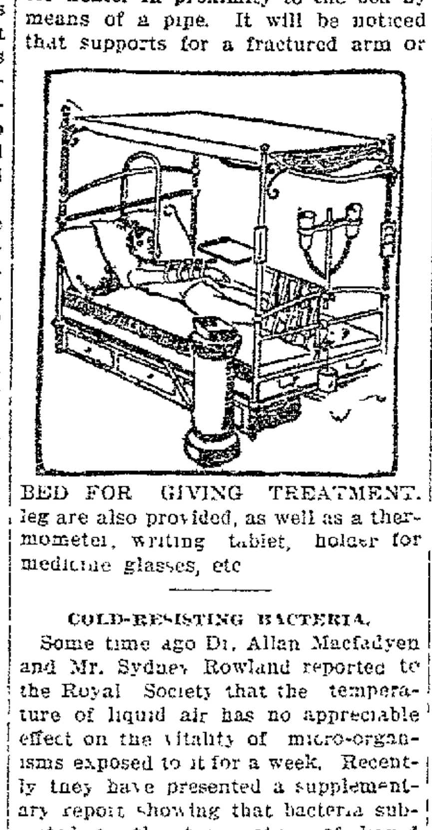
It does not often occur that an inventor takes it into his head to lighten the labors of the student or applies himself to anything pertaining to books, but herewith is presented a practical idea which will be much appreciated by the bookworm. Its object is to provide a simple and convenient guide to be inserted in books for affording more ready access to references or articles of comment contained in different parts of the book and relating to the same subject, enabling the reader to turn directly to the passage desired. The manner of using the guide is as follows: The reader having found the main object sought in the book places the first index slip in that part of the book containing the nearest reference to the subject, and inserts the companion slips, with their index numbers or marks in consecutive order, in the different portions of the book containing sequential references to the subject. After the slips are thus placed the projecting ends at the top and bottom of the book are laced together to confine them in their place in the volume and convenient for future reference.



REFERENCE MARKER FOR BOOKS.

COMPLETE HOSPITAL OUTFIT.

The illustration shows a specially constructed bed adapted for use in hospitals, provision being made for treating numerous diseases and also for surgical work. A cooling tank is provided which contains ice and water, and this can be brought in proximity with any portion of the body, while the remainder is given hot treatments by other appliances. The special function of the cooling tank is to regulate the temperature of a pyretic or febrile patient—as, for instance, in spinal meningitis, pneumonia, typhoid fever and all forms of eruptive diseases, where bodily temperature plays such an important role. In spinal meningitis and typhoid it may be necessary to apply heat to the spinal column and neck of the patient to produce muscular relaxation, while the general temperature is reduced by the application of the cooling apparatus to other parts of the body. The mattress of the bed is adapted to be inflated with hot water or air, and in order to maintain the water at the required temperature the mattress is connected with the water heater in proximity to the bed by means of a pipe. It will be noticed that supports for a fractured arm or



BED FOR GIVING TREATMENT.

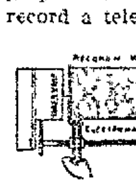
leg are also provided, as well as a thermometer, writing tablet, holder for medicine glasses, etc.

COLD-RESISTING BACTERIA.

Some time ago Dr. Allan Macfadyen and Mr. Sydney Rowland reported to the Royal Society that the temperature of liquid air has no appreciable effect on the vitality of micro-organisms exposed to it for a week. Recently they have presented a supplementary report showing that bacteria subjected to the temperature of liquid hydrogen for ten hours show no alteration as regards vitality. The temperature of liquid hydrogen, they say, is about one-quarter that of liquid air. Just as the temperature of liquid air is about one-quarter of the mean temperature of the atmosphere. The result is obtained by considering that liquid hydrogen is about 20 degrees centigrade above absolute zero, liquid air about 80 degrees above, and ordinary air on the average, about 300 degrees above.

THE TELEPHONOGRAPH.

This is a combination of the phonograph with the telephone, intended to record a telephonic message on a wax cylinder at the receiving end of the telephone line. The record is made by the undulations produced by the sound-waves. From the impressed cylinder the message can be retransformed into spoken words by the ordinary method of a phonograph. The usefulness of the instrument depends upon the fact that by its means a message can be sent when the intended recipient is absent. Upon his return the latter can set the phonographic apparatus going and listen to the message at his leisure.



SCIENTIFIC JOTTINGS.

A Far-Carrying Gun.

There is a gun in the British navy a 22-ton Armstrong, which hurls a solid shot a distance of twelve miles, the highest point in the arc described by the shot being 17,000 feet above the earth's surface. The discharge of the gun cannot be heard at the place where the ball strikes.

Zeppelin's Air Ship Does Well.

Count von Zeppelin's air ship has made several successful trips at the Lake of Constance. Supported by its huge cigar-shaped balloon and driven by its fan-wheels, the air ship was able to make headway against a light breeze, but has not always succeeded in returning to its starting point, a feat that it accomplished on its first trial last summer.

Dimming of Eyeglasses.

Constant wearers of eyeglasses, spectacles, etc., are much annoyed by the dimming of the glasses upon entering a warm room from a cooler place. It will greatly interest them to know that this evil can be obviated by rubbing the glasses with soft soap. All that is necessary is to rub every morning or before going out a little so-called green soap (washing soap, potash soap) over the whole surface of the glass, polishing it until it is bright again.

Electric Alarm Clock.

An electric time alarm which has been patented lately has at least one novelty to recommend it. It is directly connected to the bed, and it is impossible for the sleeper to stop it until he gets up to stay. Underneath the bed is a series of contact points, the weight of the person forcing them together. A clock is used in connection with the apparatus, and as soon as the hour of rising is indicated the remaining opening or break in the wire is closed, the current passing through the contact points underneath the bed and causing the bell to ring continuously until the sleeper, by leaving the bed, breaks the circuit. Should he lie down again, the circuit is again completed and the bell rings until the second rising.—Electricity.

Farm Separators in Kansas.

George Morgan, in an address before the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, said in part: The value of the farm separator to the private dairyman has been fully demonstrated. The experimental stages have passed and the testimony of those who have made a careful, intelligent comparison between the gravity system and the modern separator are practically united in favor of the latter for the private dairyman. The question as to its advantages in localities where creameries are established is one upon which there is much difference of opinion. The most serious problem is operating expenses. This applies both to the creamery manager and to the patron, whether the creamery is a co-operative one or a proprietary institution, and all are vitally interested in the expense account. I think the separator will assist greatly in solving this problem. It means a minimum of labor with a maximum of profit. The product is carried in a condensed form from the patron to the creamery, and the expense greatly reduced. In this state, dairying is incidental to beef and pork production, and as a consequence the conditions at this time are peculiar and perplexing. The farmer has an undesirable way of putting the creamery on half rations, forgetting that few people appreciate the full dinner pail more than the Kansas creamery man. When times and crops are good, it is not uncommon to find a farmer at milking time quietly sitting upon the fence watching the calves do the milking. When reverses come, however, he finds that the cow and the creamery are his best friends. When large investments are made in skimming stations and these spells of carelessness strike the patron, it is often very disastrous to the management. I feel safe in saying that fully one-third of the skimming stations in this state do not pay running expenses from October to May. It is in these localities that the farm separator will be of the greatest benefit. If the creamery patronage is light, the expenses are correspondingly light.

I think the average cost of a skimming station is about $1,000 and the average cost of operating is about $600 a year. This will, of course, include taxes, interest, insurance, labor and fuel. A great many plants now running in Kansas do not average 1,500 pounds of milk every other day during the fall and winter. Forty cows at twenty pounds of milk per day per cow will produce 1,600 pounds of milk in two days. Here, then, is an investment of $1,000, with $50 per month running expenses necessary to take care of the milk of forty cows. On its face this cannot pay. At points where patronage is liberal any radical change would not be advisable. It will to a great extent adjust itself in its own way, but at weaker, non-paying stations much good can be accomplished by the use of the farm separator, especially in outlying districts where the distance is too great to haul the whole milk. True, to carry out the plan the farmer must make the investment on his own account, but for this he is amply compensated in the increased value of the skim milk and the convenience of having it on his farm morning and evening to be fed while warm, sweet and fresh and in the best possible condition for giving to young animals. The milk patron often suffers a severe loss on account of souring of his Sunday milk during the heated term. He also loses the gain by feeding the new milk to the calf for six or eight weeks, on account of the danger incurred in feeding milk returned from the creamery. Where the milk is fed from the farm separator, the calf can be put upon skim milk at fifteen days old by careful management and the use of kafir corn meal. It has been my experience that patrons with ten to fifteen cows can earn enough in one year to pay for a $100 separator. Each farmer can figure out for himself whether or not it will pay.

MOTHER AND CHILD

Let the mother take Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil for the two; it is almost never superfluous.

One can eat for two; but nourishing two is a different thing; it implies a degree of interior strength not often found in woman of either extreme.

Luxurious people are not very strong by habit, and overworked people are weak from exhaustion in some of their functions. Between the two is the happy mean; but how many women have plenty of life for two?

The emulsion is almost never superfluous.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

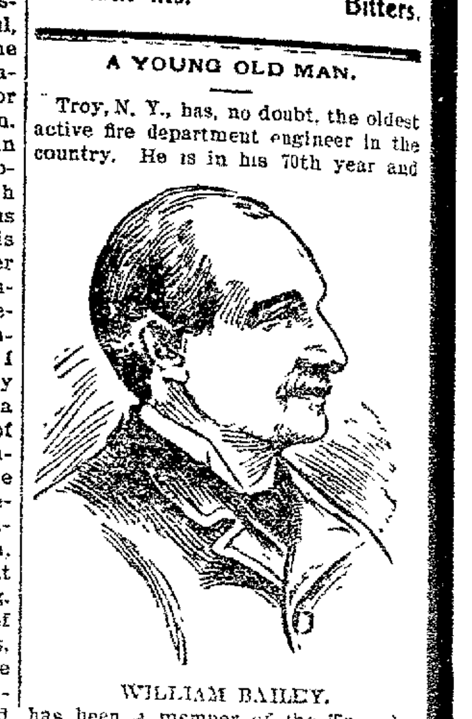
Spring Fever.

During the winter, extra work is thrown upon the various organs of the body. Spring makes this manifest. The appetite becomes poor, sleep restless, bowels constipated, sometimes there is dyspepsia, liver or kidney troubles. This is the time to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is better than any other spring tonic in the world. It refreshes, strengthens, rebuilds. A Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

A Cure for Stomach Ills. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

A YOUNG OLD MAN.

Troy, N. Y., has, no doubt, the oldest active fire department engineer in the country. He is in his 70th year and



WILLIAM BAILEY.

has been a member of the Troy department nearly fifty-two years. Despite his age he is just as young as he used to be" so far as his fireman's duties are concerned. His engine never leaves the house unless Bill Bailey is with the tiny and powerful machine. If he is sleeping in his 'bunk' when the gong strikes he jumps into his clothes and slides down the pole as quickly and nimbly as the youngest member of the company and his pride, the engine, is puffing out clouds of black smoke before the team is straightened out in its fine running form. And Bill' the old engineer is "right there" on the tender watching the machine.

When William Bailey joined the Troy fire department hand engines comprised the most efficient fire fighting apparatus. He has seen many changes in fire apparatus and in the methods of handling fires and has been instrumental in bringing about many of the changes.

ONE WAY OUT.

A Resident of Lima Shows the Way.

Only one way to cure a bad back.
Liniment and plasters may relieve it.
They won't cure it.
Backache means sickness.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.
Lima people prove this.
Read a case of it.

Mrs. H. B. Core of 722 west High street says: "I feel that it is a person's duty to recommend a remedy which gives them all satisfaction and it is for this means that I endorse the claims made for Doan's Kidney Pills and recommend the use of this remedy to others. We used them in our family for kidney trouble and found them to be all they are represented, namely, a thoroughly reliable and effectual remedy. We procured them at W. M. Melville's drug store."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

South Dakota as a Wealth Producer.

The claim is made for South Dakota that it has for the third consecutive year produced more wealth per capita than any other state in the union, the total for last year being $106,500,000. Of this sum $27,000,000 comes from live stock, $18,000,000 from corn, $15,000,000 from wheat and $12,000,000 from minerals.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Gold of the Black Hills.

Only two states in the union produce more gold annually than do the three counties comprising the Black hills in South Dakota, and they are Colorado and California. The gold output of the former for 1900 was $29,500,000 and of the latter $14,377,200. And then comes South Dakota with $6,617,674 to her credit.

CATARRH

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH is Ely's Cream Balm

HAY FEVER

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once.

It opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Allays inflammation. Heals and protects the membrane. Restores the senses of taste and smell. Large size, 50 cents at druggists or by mail; trial size, 10 cents by mail.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren Street, New York.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Hagee's Cordial

of Cod Liver Oil Compound

and

spring weather make the greatest tonic that man and nature ever compounded.

The ideal medicine for spring. Restores the tissues and renews the vital forces. Pleasant to take. No grease. No fishy taste. Prescribed by doctors everywhere. Ask your druggist for it. $1.00 a bottle.

KATHARMON CHEMICAL COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

u Can Shut Both Eyes

When you enter our store and you can't go wrong. Every article is bought right to sell right. That is what our experience and knowledge does for you. Won't you give us the opportunity to prove it.

esh Eggs for 12c per dozen, all the week.

IES S. SMITH, GROCER. Both 'Phones 127.

LUSH & BANNISTER,

DENTISTS.

good SET of TEETH for $5.00, and we guarantee them.
OLD CROWNS, 22 k fine, $5.00.
RIDGE WORK, per tooth $4.00.
TALIZED AIR OR SPECIAL LOCAL INJECTION FOR PAIN-EXTRACTION.
you are looking for a good, clean dental office, where they guarantee d dentistry for less money than anywhere else,

COME TO OUR OFFICE.

FFICE HOURS.
5:30 p. m. Evenings 7 to 8.
s 9 to 12.

Rooms 5, 6 and 7. Opera House Block.

Special Rates

ne-way ettlers

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY. CH&D CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Round-trip Home Seekers

—TO—

ts in the Northwest, West, Southwest and South, on sale Tuesdays until April 30th, 1901.

e of D. G. EDWARDS, H. & D. Representatives or Agents. Passenger Traffic Manager. CINCINNATI.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for $1.00 per box.

For Sale by Wm. Melville, corner of Main and High Sts.

NOMICAL-HEALTHFUL-RELISHING

HAPPER'S

URE EXTRACTS FRUIT FLAVORS SOUP EXTRACTS

E, BUTTER, ICE CREAM COLORINGS CELERY SALT, BLUINGS AND AMMONIAS. BAKING POWDER.

R SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

nly necessary to dissolve in hot ater and set away to harden. emon, Orange, Peach, Rasp-erry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

Holiday Gloom.

here are saddening features about tmas shopping."

think so; going around and see-all the $2 presents you brought year marked down to 49 cents."—oit Free Press.

WELL POSTED.

"Harry is so well posted on this South African war," said young Mrs. Kidder, "and he just loves to discuss it with me, because he says I have such an intelligent conception of it."

"Is that so?" said her friend.

"Yes, and last night he explained in detail how the Swiss navy, in command of General De Billoty, was going to help the Boers."—Philadelphia Press.

A TESTIMONIAL.

Gentlemen: I recently bought a scalped ticket which the railway people refused to honor when I presented it. I tried various expedients, but all in vain until, at the suggestion of friends I had recourse to your Hair Vitalizer. After the use of six bottles of the same the ticket, I am happy to say, was accepted without question.

You are at liberty to publish this letter.—Detroit Journal.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SOME GOOD STORIES FOR OUR JUNIOR READERS.

Story of the Escape of the Young Partridges from Bab in the Woods—What the Coon Told the Woodchuck—President McKinley as a Lad.

Borrowing the Baby.

"Good mornin'. My ma sent me
To ast you how you was.
An' hope you're well—you know 'at is
Th' way she allus does.
My ma—she sez, you're strangers,
But then she kind o' thought
She'd like to borry th' baby
'At you folkses 'as got.

"My ma sets by th' winder
An' watches you an' him,
An' kind o' smiles an' cries to wunst,
'Cause he's like baby Jim.
Who's Jim? He was our baby—
We named him after pa.
Say, c'n we borry your baby
A little while for ma?

"My ma she sez she wouldn't
Mind if your baby cried,
She sez 't 'd be like music—
Since little Jim has died.
She sez she'll be good to him,
An' she'd like a whole lot,
If we c'n borry the baby
'At you folkses 'as got."

—Josh Wink, in Baltimore American.

In Bab's Woods.

The Partridge family in Bab's wood was going to move. Bab's woods were beautiful woods, all pines and juniper, dark-green and brown overhead, dark-green and brown underfoot. The little child Partridges thought theirs was the prettiest home in the world, and they were full of grief to hear their mother say she must move away.

"Why must we move away, mother dear?" asked the youngest Partridge child, cuddling down in the nest. There were fourteen of them, and she had been the last one to come out of the shell.

"Listen," said the mother partridge, looking around on them all with her sad eyes—the eyes of partridges are the most beautiful and sad of all eyes. "One day, before any of you were hatched, the monster who roams in these woods discovered my nest. Although I flew off with my loudest whirr it would not follow. It stooped down and put its hand into the nest and picked up one of my lovely buff eggs. I waited. I could scarcely breathe. Oh, how glad I was when it laid back the egg and went away!"

"What a kind monster!" cried the child partridges. "Wasn't it a kind monster to put the egg back and go away!"

"Kind!" The partridge mother ruffled up her neck feathers. "Children," she said, "it meant to come back when the egg would be a bird! Hush!"

She bent her head to the ground; then she gave a sharp chirr of alarm.

Bab was a little girl who was sometimes good and sometimes bad, and was called "Good-little-bad-Bab."

It was a fine day all around Bab's home, much too pleasant to spend indoors building block houses for little Bob. A few days before, Bab had found a partridge's nest in her woods, with thirteen lovely buff eggs in it, and she wanted to go and see if the eggs were hatched.

Bab called the thick pine woods behind the garden hers, because it was not very far from the house and she could go there at any time easily.

Fourteen children are too many for any mother to bring up," Bab said to herself. "I should like a little partridge for a pet. Their stripes and speckles are so pretty!"

Bab turned her back on Bobby and ran out of the front hall door and around the corner, and set off bareheaded for the woods, though she could hear her little brother calling her.

The nest was back in among the pines, among some rocks, where there were ferns and junipers. Bab stepped carefully, but suddenly a partridge flew up at her very feet. "Oh," cried Bab, "the dear little things—there they are, all hatched!"

But Bab saw the little oval-backed birds just one second only, for the partridge mother had spoken a word as she flew, and every child had heard it and obeyed. Indeed, there is nothing prettier than the prompt obedience of little partridges to the mother bird.

First under this bush they hid, then under that! Down flat to the ground they lay, so like the dead leaves that no human eye could tell that they were little birds!

Mother Partridge had well proved that she could bring up her fourteen children; and having looked in vain for the young birds, Good-little-bad-Bab went thoughtfully home.

Bob was so pleased to see her again that Bab hugged him tight, and sat down with him in the rocking chair.

"Now," she said, "I'm going to amuse you, Bobby. I will tell you a pretty story about partridges, and it will teach you that little boys should always promptly obey their mothers!"

Coon Talks.

As he came down his tree to take a moonlight stroll, the 'coon met the woodchuck face to face. Neither of them spoke for a minute, and then the 'coon said:

"Oh, it's you, is it? I've been looking for you for quite a while, as I've got a few words to say to you."

"I hope I see you well," replied the woodchuck.

"Don't you worry about my health. I hear that you have been bragging around as to how smart you are. You told the fox you could climb three feet to my one."

"Never! You know what a liar the fox is. What I said was that I thought I could climb a tree as fast as you could if I really had to."

"But you can't climb a tree any more than a sheep. You live in a hole in the ground, and have no use for trees. Didn't you tell the 'possum that you could outrun me in a race?"

"Not exactly that. I only told him that I shouldn't be far behind you at the finish."

"Well, you are nothing but a braggart," said the 'coon. "In the first place you can't run for peanuts. 'Most any farmer's boy could easily overtake you, while you know very well that it takes a swift dog to overtake me. Only last night two dogs chased me for a full mile, but I easily escaped them. There's another thing. You told the squirrel that you was a great fighter, and had killed several dogs."

"Am I not a good figher?" asked the woodchuck, as he tried to growl like a bear.

"Bah! You couldn't fight a goat, and you know it! Why, I've seen woodchucks killed by a dog in less than a minute! Let a dog bark now and you'd go scurrying away to your burrow as fast as your legs could move. You gave the squirrel to understand that you could make me run from you, but you know as well as I do that I could make you yell in a minute. What do you mean by such talk?"

"I guess I was only joking."

"Then you want to stop such joking before it gets you into trouble. See here, my friend, I used to know your grandfather very well, indeed. He was a big, fat woodchuck, and he was given to brag the same as you are. He used to tell that he could do this and do that, and by and by all the animals of the forest got to laughing at him. I met him one night as I was going out for food, and he wanted to go along.

"'But we may meet with men,' I said.

"'I'm not afraid of men,' he replied.

"'We may meet with dogs.'

"'I'm not afraid of dogs.'

"'If we have to run for our lives I can't help you along.'

"'I don't want any help from anyone.'

"That was the way he talked," continued the 'coon, "and though I didn't want him to go along, I had to make the best of it. We hadn't gone half a mile when a dog took after us, and let me tell you that your grandfather was overtaken and killed within two minutes. He couldn't run and he couldn't fight, and never will I forget how he yelled when the dog seized him. Let his case be a warning to you, young woodchuck."

"But my growl sounds like that of a bear, don't it?" asked the woodchuck.

"Not at all! It sound more like a lamb trying to cough, and it wouldn't scare a baby. I must go on now, but I hope you'll remember all I've said. As a woodchuck you'll be all right if you keep close to your burrow and look out for danger, but if you go to getting foolish ideas into your young head you'll be meat for dogs before you are much older. Good-night to you, and I advise you to go to bed early and keep your feet covered up from the frost."

Riding Astride.

Mrs. Grace Seton-Thompson, who went to the Rocky mountains with her husband on a hunting trip, strongly advises women, when undertaking rough riding, to avoid the side-saddle. She gives this instance of the advantage of riding astride: "One day I was following a game trail along a very steep bank, which ended in a granite precipice a hundred feet below. It had been raining and snowing in a fitful fashion, and the clay ground was slippery. It gave a most treacherous footing. One of the pack animals just ahead of my horse slipped and fell to his knees. The heavy pack overbalanced him, and away he rolled, over and down the slope, to be saved from the precipice only by the happy accident of a scrub-tree in the way. Frightened by the sight, my animal plunged, and he, too, lost his footing. Had I been riding on a side-saddle, nothing could have saved me, for the down-hill was on the near side; but I swung out of the saddle on the off sire, and landed in a heap on the up-hill, still clutching the bridle. That act saved my horse's life, as well as my own, for the sudden weight I put on the upper side as I swung off enabled him to recover his balance just in time. A side-saddle would have left one helpless in such an emergency.—Youth's Companion.

McKinley at Sixteen.

One night when William McKinley was about 16 he was poring over his Latin lesson, when his brother David, who was superintendent of a coal mine, came rushing into the room and ordered young William to hitch up his horse and have it ready for him by a certain time, as he was in a hurry and wanted to drive out to a dance several miles in the country. After his brother had left the room, young William turned to his aunt, Mrs. Waller, and said: "Aunt Martha, don't you think it humiliating for a Methodist and a Latin scholar to be compelled to hitch up a horse for a brother to go to a dance?"

Mrs. Rachel Hendrix, who died a few days ago at her home in Warrensburg, Kas., was the mother of Blind Boone, the negro musician. The pianist was fond of his mother, and kept her well provided with all the comforts of life.

IN THE ODD CORNER.

QUEER AND CURIOUS THINGS AND EVENTS.

What Nature Has Done for Some of the Creatures That Live Underground—Soup in London Slums—An Aquatic Friendship—Curious Lamps.

The Tangle of Red Tape.

When the rough and ready robber raps
you rudely on the head,
It is well to curl up softly, and pretend
that you are dead;
It is wise to let him slowly amble off
with all your cash—
If you seek to stop him stealing you
will get another smash.
He will take his time to leave you, even
if he leaves you dead,
For he knows the case will tangle in
official tape that's red.

When the bold and busy burglar seeks
to burgle in your house,
It is well to keep your temper, and be
silent as a mouse;
It is best to let him leave you, and to
give no shout or roar,
For he's likely to o'erhear you, and
and come back and burgle more.
And you'll find it just as useful to stay
peacefully in bed,
For the case must take its wrapping in
the tape that's very red.

When the fierce and frisky footpad
pokes a pistol in your face,
It is well to hold your hands up—not to
give the man a race—
For he knows that at his leisure he
may take your watch and coin,
And your jewelry and garments, if
such things he would purloin,
And can walk to San Francisco in an
indolent escape,
While the matter's being wound up in
the usual red tape.

—Baltimore American.

Underground Folk.

Though the water dog's services have not been so fully recognized by the wise men, rural folk believe the world owes him much. His head is round and flattish, his mouth wide, his feet lumpish and clumsy, his slimy coat muddy brown on top, dirty white underneath. If he has eyes, they are invisible. In motion he is aggravatingly slow. He is shaped something like a very clumsy lizard, with greater mass at the shoulders, and a sharp, almost ratlike tail. Nature possibly made him so much for use she thought beauty would be wasted on him. He lives, moves, has his being, and works in the deepest darkness. His work is to keep open the water veins which supply springs and wells. Occasionally, very occasionally, he permits himself the diversion of coming to the light, opening his mouth as though gaping at the empty width of things, then dropping inert. Commonly he chooses the time of a freshet, when the whole earth is sodden and water seeps everywhere. Then he may scramble through a very narrow crevice, deceived no doubt into a belief that he has come to open the water veins afresh, so as to renew the supply. To a man, they have faith that if the water dog were maltreated the well would dry up, since his kinsmen in revenge would leave the veins to choke, or lead off the water into new outlets. Wells dug in the limestone lands of the middle South often harbor eyeless fish, exactly like those caught in the streams of the Mammoth cave. Some geologists are of opinion that the whole central valley from the great lakes to the gulf has underground a great sheet of fresh water. If this be true, the eyeless fish, no doubt, inhabit the big subterranean lake, and swim out of it into the underground runnings which thread the upper limestone formations. Air gives to the earth denizens quite as wonderful as those that swim in the waters under the earth. The sand wasp, for example, which digs a separate burrow for each of its many eggs, stocks each burrow plentifully with insects, deposits the eggs, seals the burrow and goes to work afresh. Often she drags into the burrow caterpillars or grasshoppers twice as large as herself. She does not kill them, but paralyzes them by a sting back of the head, and leaves them inert to await the needs of her young.

Soup in the Slums.

The gigantic work begins tomorrow of free-meal distribution to London's little slummers, who would otherwise, through a long, dreary winter, be compelled oftentimes to go hungry to schools, says the London Mail. In a few days the savor of soup will begin to permeate the London slums, and nearly 60,000 children will be joyful. From Greenwich to the Borough, from Whitechapel to Bethnal Green and Hackney Wick, there will for some months to come be no aching voids at dinnertime, and no weariness for the perplexed school teacher. The good work is carried on by several independent bodies, but notably at the London Schools Dinner association, the Destitute Children's Dinner society, the Referee Fund and the Board School Children's Free Dinner fund. The Farm House Center at Southwark affords a good instance of the working of the system. The Tuesday after lord mayor's day is the date fixed for the commencement of the winter season. This means that a cook will, from tomorrow onward, rise on three or four days of the week at 3 o'clock in the morning to stir porridge, which is served later to the happy youngsters with milk. Conditionally upon the porridge being eaten, a slice of bread and jam follows. At midday hundreds of hungry children again troop to the center, and are provided on the nomination of their school teacher with a plain, wholesome meal, varying from soup or stew to a meat padding. The cost is from a penny to a 3-halfpence per head. In Southwark alone last year no fewer than 23,130 breakfasts and 93,261 dinners were so distributed. In other districts the work of distribution is carried on with equal vigor and success. St. John's, Westminster, supplies halfpenny dinners to children of "out-of-works"; while at St. Michael's, in the Tower Hamlets division, there are also half-penny dinners, the bill of fare comprising a basin of nourishing soup and a thick slice of bread and jam. Before Christmas is here thousands of pounds will have been collected by the different agencies intrusted with the work, and by this means London's slum children will be saved from the pangs of hunger. Meanwhile the school board is impotent to help. All that it can do is to receive and discuss the reports from its newly elected local committees that sit for the first time this year.

Both of Old School.

There is a wealthy old lady in Detroit, as there probably is in every city of any size, who would rather have her own way than to have her own fortune doubled. With her is a niece, put down as the prospective heiress, and the young man whom she wants to marry went to ask for her hand. He was promptly informed by the old lady that he was useless generally, that he was a specious hypocrite, that he could not have the niece and that if they married without her consent the girl should never inherit a dollar. Next day the young man's grandfather called on the tyrannical aunt and profusely thanked her for what she had done. "We are of the old school, you know," he said suavely. "We have lived to see a time when wealth has become all-important, but you and I cling to the sentiment that pride of birth is far better. I know that you do from the fact of refusing your niece to my grandson. It was good of you, and I came personally to thank you. I could never have been happy again had he married beneath him," and he backed from the room, while she was trying to sputter forth her overwhelming indignation. "I'll show him," after she had averted apoplexy, "the aristocratic old pauper. Never be happy again, eh? I'll see that he's not," and her pen flew while she blustered to herself. "Thought I wouldn't know how to avenge myself did he? The conceited old survivor of a crazy prejudice." In answer to the note came the young man, flushed and expectant. He could be married to the niece quietly that evening or give her up forever. Of course, the ceremony came off, and the aunt was enjoying internal ecstasies over the way she had outwitted the old gentleman. Later the new nephew turned to her and innocently remarked: "Good old granddad told me he was sure he could get your consent, but I can't conceive how he did it." They revived her with smelling salts and helped her to bed. She was still there in the morning, but sent for the man servant and said emphatically: "If that old Blank dares call here kick him out."—Detroit Free Press.

Was an Aquatic Friendship.

There is a queer friendship between a lobster and a turtle in one of the tanks at the aquarium, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. Last week the turtle tumbled over on his back and lodged among some coral. He kicked and squirmed, but could not get on his feet again. Finally his struggles grew weaker again, and at that timely moment the lobster came along. He saw the predicament of his friend and hastened to the rescue. He would put one claw under the turtle and try with all his might to heave him over. For a long time he was unsuccessful. But he worked hard. At last he took a running start and pushed one claw under the unfortunate turtle and with a mighty effort turned him over. Then they crawled off to the further side of the tank and settled down for a rest side by side. "They're a regular Damon and Pythias," commented a bystander. "That's the second time I've seen that lobster do that same trick, only before he got the turtle turned. They're fast friends and can usually be found pretty close together. There are two fish in one of the big tanks that have struck up quite a friendship. The big fellow makes it his business to look after a little bass. When they're fed he will run off any other fish that tries to take the little one's share. That's almost human nature, now, isn't it? I wish I'd always been treated as well. Then there's the seal. She seems to pine for human companionship. She's a great affectionate creature, always on the lookout for some one to notice her. Up she comes in a minute, holding up her sleek head and begging you to pet her. Her great delight is to have her head scratched with a piece of board, but if you just look at her and talk to her she will follow you all around the pool."

Curious Lamps.

A firefly lamp has the charm of novelty. It hails from the West Indies and is quite a pretentious affair, being eighteen inches high and built in three stories. It is made of wicker and bamboo cages, with little doors. In these cages fireflys are imprisoned, and are cared for and fed. The lamp is one of a collection brought together at the National Museum in Washington by Mr. Walter Hough. The collection includes lamps of all ages, from those of ancient nations to lamps of today. There are old English lanthorns there that would delight the heart of the collector of curios. Among the Chinese lamps are those made of bamboo and used to light alley-ways. They are the illuminators that so often lead to conflagrations. Eskimo lamps, old-fashioned olive oil lamps, and Japanese lanterns suspended from sticks add to the interest of the collection.

THE LEG DID NOT COME OFF.

Northrop Has a Hard Time, But Saves His Leg.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va.—A man named Northrop spent sixteen weeks in the best hospital in Norfolk for a special treatment of rheumatism. The doctors said he was bound to lose his right leg. He would not let them cut it off, so they sent him home. He took Ath-lo-pho-ros and found a permanent cure, so now he keeps Ath-lo-pho-ros in the house all the time and is never tired of singing its praise.

MORAL.—If you have rheumatism or have any friend who has, see that Ath-lo-pho-ros is used, and a cure will be effected.

Ath-lo-pho-ros

Cures Worst Cases of RHEUMATISM

Sold by Druggists. Booklet Sent Free. THE ATHLOPHOROS CO., New Haven, Conn.

LOOK AT THIS!

BANEY & SHEPHERD

THE BARBERS,

In the Metropolitan block basement will give you a hair cut or shave that is smooth as a ribbon.

54

East Side Public Square, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

Hot, cold, Shower and vapor baths. Ladies and children hair cutting done to order.

A. G. LUTZ, Prop.

GRASSER & BRAND

Celebrated XXX Beer.

Bottled especially for family use. Delivered to your address.

J. W. LUMPP,

314 North Central Avenue. SOLE AGENT.

New 'Phone 351.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Our piano tuner, Mr. C. F. Woolery, has been employed by us for a period of more than nine years, so that we feel safe in recommending him as a competent workman. Orders left at Beeler & Van Gunten's Music Store, 23 Public Square, will receive prompt attention.

H. H. WILSON,

House and sign painter, grainer and paperhanger.

Good work at reasonable prices.
m24-3ms Residence 237 S. Pine St.

Coal and Feed

HARRY RUMPLE.

A full line always in stock. Good goods good equipment and good treatment.

Steam Coal a specialty.

119 and 111 north Elizabeth street.
Both 'Phones

T. RHEUMATIC

Will cure rheumatism in all stages and conditions. 5 bottles will cure any case you can produce. Greatest blood purifier known. Trusler's Pile Cure is sold under a guarantee, for sale by all druggists. Manufactured by the T. Rheumatic Cure Co., Huntington, Ind.

For sale by Melville Bros. and T. N. Cunningham.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM.

Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 2 and 3, Holmes Block.

DR. W. N. BOYER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to RECTAL DISEASES and DISEASES OF WOMEN

ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block. Take Elevator. Bell 'Phone 338.
2-Tue Thr Sat 3-mo.

George S. Mills
Architect

Toledo and Lima

Charles W. Dawson

Representative
305 Masonic Temple, Lima

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT 4½ TO 5% FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, in sums of $500 and upward on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.

THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.

Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, Lima.

Henderson & Rogers, Attorneys.

Dr. Artemas Blake Gray.

DENTIST.

211 Masonic Building.

LIMA, - - - OHIO.

Lima Telephone No. 509.

VENETTA

A palmist and Clairvoyant is in the city for a day. Give her a call and test her power of second sight. She is also an astrologist Card reading a specialty. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00.

HOTEL NORMANDIE.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

1901	APRIL					1901
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Democrats of the 32d Senatorial District of Ohio will meet in convention at Defiance, Ohio, on

Wednesday, May 22d, 1901,

at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating two (2) candidates for State Senator.

The Senatorial Committee has appointed the representation of delegates at one delegate for every 100 votes and one delegate for every fraction of 50 votes or over cast for William J. Bryan for President in 1900.

Under this apportionment the several counties of the district will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

	Votes	Delegates
Allen	6,540	65
Auglaize	4,812	48
Defiance	3,766	38
Mercer	4,460	45
Paulding	3,284	33
Van Wert	3,582	36
Williams	3,049	30

Total number delegates.... 295

F. M. BASHORE, Secretary pro tem. GEO. H. KOHN, Chairman.

DEAD DUCKS TAKE HOPE.

President McKinley found a comfortable asylum for six "dead ducks" statesmen in his appointments of members of the Louisiana Purchase Centennial Exposition Commission. The six lucky ex-legislators are ex-Senator John M. Thurston, of Nebraska; Thomas H. Carter, of Montana; William Lindsay, of Kentucky, and George W. McBride, of Oregon, and ex-Representatives John M. Allen, of Mississippi, and Martin H. Glynn, of New York. The other three members, Frederick A. Betts, of Connecticut; John F. Miller, of Indiana, and Philip D. Scott, of Arkansas, do not figure in the list of retiring senators and congressmen, and were probably appointed upon the recommendation of some statesmen whose date of retirement has not yet arrived.

These appointments furnish a conspicuous example of the present policy of the administration in providing for "dead duck" statesmen. It was not always deemed necessary to keep a man in public life when his constituents got through with him. But President McKinley, who has been twelve years a congressman, twice governor of Ohio, and twice president, and likes public life himself, has a great deal of sympathy for those who have acquired the itch for office and then been stranded on the shoals of popular favor. More than any other president he has strained his appointing power to find places for statesmen out of a job, and his selection of six ex-members of the senate and house in filling one commission is simply in line with his general policy in this matter.

It is to be assumed that each member of the commission wanted the place he was given, and this fact furnishes an illustration of the almost universal desire of men who get into public life to remain there in some capacity. Senator George F. Edmunds and Speaker Thomas B. Reed are the two conspicuous examples in recent years of men justly prominent in public affairs who have retired to private life voluntarily. They are as conspicuous as exceptions to the general rule as they were in fitness for public life, and their example is not followed by the average man who has enjoyed the distinctions of official station.

Several of the men appointed on the Louisiana Purchase Commission, notably ex-Senators Lindsay, Carter and Thurston, have no need of the emoluments of a public office, as they are men with capacity enough to make a larger income in a private calling. Once in office to be always in office appears to be the fervent desire of the average American, and the average ex-senator and ex-representative is simply an average American. In President McKinley this class of statesmen out of a job have a sympathetic friends, and while he remains president no "dead duck" senator or congressman need be without hope.

What's the matter with making Aggie official stenographer to the Taft commission? He has shown himself to be handy with the typewriter, and he has a lovely name for the job.

LICENSE TO DESPOIL.

Republicans So View Their Recent Victory.

LAYING UP WRATH SURE TO COME.

Legislation of the Dominant Party Has Been For the Classes and Against the Masses—Beer Tax Reduced, and Poor Man's Stamp Tax Remains In Force.

The Philosopher, a little monthly miscellany published at Wausau, Wis., hits the proverbial nail squarely on the head in the following:

"Congress is starting out to lay up for the party by which it is dominated a goodly store of wrath against the day which will surely come. In the first place, it should be understood that the judgment of the people as registered at the last election was a Scotch verdict. The majorities were made up of people who hoped for better things from the Republicans. Instead of grasping the situation and mending their ways to suit the conditions, the party leaders seem to have interpreted their victory as an approval of their infamy and a license to despoil.

"The elevation of J. W. Babcock of Wisconsin to the ways and means committee was an open confession that something was to be done which needed a man used to doing such things, and his chair in the committee room was not comfortably warmed when the tax on beer was comfortably cut. Mr. Babcock's name has been so persistently and generously associated with the political end of the brewers' trust that ordinary adroitness would have suggested keeping his name from the committee—at least until it was all over.

"Mr. Babcock has not succeeded in impressing those who know him best with the sincerity and disinterestedness of his political motives. If this reduction in beer tax is intended to make the problem of his election to the senate easier two years hence, it is all the worse. If the revenues were to be decreased, beer was not the place to begin. But, worse than this, almost all the balance of the reduction comes upon evidences of wealth. Upon evidences of debt the tax remains practically untouched.

"Wherever the poor man has to buy the stamp, the stamp remains; wherever the rich man buys it, it does not need to be bought. I have no quarrel with the rich. They should be protected in their property rights, and I have no sympathy with the claptrap against wealth and those who have it. But surely equity would dictate the imposition of taxation upon wealth first and poverty afterward. These things may not have been done for a cash consideration, but the interests which were benefited could have made no other argument for the granting of the favors shown. Then, by way of showing that they could be foolish as well as vicious, congress abolished the army canteen. In other words, the common soldier who wants to drink liquor must go to conscienceless and lawless dives to get it, while the officer may have his served decently and quietly at his club. The whole course of legislation so far seems to be for the classes and against the masses, and that means four years from now as complete a defeat for the Republican party as the Democratic party met this year, for it is the masses that make majorities."

Trusts and Labor Unions.

The monopolists sometimes try to defend trusts by claiming that they are identical in principle with the labor organization. There is this difference, however, between the two kinds of organization which ought to be apparent to every one: Labor organizations have not yet secured for their members more than a fair compensation for work done, and in many branches of industry they have not secured what is fair, while many of the trust magnates have within a few years amassed fabulous fortunes. When labor organizations reach the point where the wage earners are able to spend their summers in the north, their winters in the south and the autumn months in Europe, it will be time enough to class such organizations with the trusts.—Commoner.

Lentz's Censored Speech.

The refusal of Speaker Henderson to print Mr. Lentz's speech because it contained remarks derogatory to the character of Mark Hanna shows that military censorship has become a civil weapon and is now employed in the government printing office for the purpose of mutilating the record so as to exclude Democratic speeches from publication.—Kansas City Times.

GREED, GRAB AND LOOT

Get Rich Schemes of Army Officers In the Philippines.

TALK OF HUMBUG INVESTIGATION

Republican Papers, With Great Show of Virtue, State That Senator Hawley's Committee Is Going to Look Into the Matter—The Result of Course Can Be Readily Foreseen.

With much show of virtue the Washington correspondent of a Republican paper informs its reading constituency that "the senate committee on military affairs will shortly inaugurate the investigation of the relation of certain army officers with the company alleged to have been organized for the manufacture of hemp in the Philippines," says the Kansas City Times. This investigation, he says, is to be conducted in accordance with the resolution introduced in the senate by Mr. Pettigrew and afterward adopted by that body.

It is surmised by the correspondent that the investigation to be conducted by the committee will go further than the examination of the connection of war department officials with industrial enterprises in the Philippines and that it will also look into the connection of members of congress with the Philippine Lumber company.

The correspondent of the Republican newspaper who has been so free with his information concerning the investigating intentions of the military affairs committee, of which our distinguished fellow countryman and factor in the Hayes presidential acquisition of the presidency, Senator Hawley, is chairman, will find that his statements are read by a great many doubting Thomases.

The truth concerning the dishonest connection of military and civil officers of the government with "get rich quick" schemes in the islands that have been wrested from Spain is not what is wanted by the party in power. Colonel Heistand's connection with the syndicate formed to monopolize the Philippine hemp industry has been charged often and never yet successfully denied by any of his political friends, and the suspicion is justified that he is not the only military appointee in the Philippines who is engaged in feathering his nest.

Lately General MacArthur deported an American editor from Manila for charging a high military official with taking advantage of his office to extort money from merchants and shippers at that port.

As for inquiring into congressmen's connection with syndicate schemes in "our colonies," that would be a waste of time after Hull, the chairman of the house military affairs committee, openly proclaimed his shame and gloried in it before his colleagues in the closing hours of the last session and after Mr. Babcock, chairman of the Republican congressional committee, made a similar admission in an interview a few days ago.

Under such circumstances all talk of investigation by a committee composed mainly of the party of greed, grab and loot is the veriest buncombe.

WAYS OF ONE TRUST.

How the Glass Combine Squeezes Out the Last Cent.

Friends of industrial combinations who admit that trusts exist say they do so for the purpose of reducing prices to the consumer. The lower the prices, say the apologists, the less danger of competition. Trusts must sell as cheaply as possible to live, they declare.

The answer to such sophistries is found in the recent movements of the window glass trust. The duty on common window glass, nearly 2 cents per pound, is practically prohibitory and affords a large margin for extortion. The demand is urgent, constant and enormous. In prosperous times the people build more houses and thus fall a prey to the exactions of the glass trust. Recently a slight advance, about 2 per cent, was made in the price of window glass. The general public probably took no note of it, but not so the contractors and builders who provide shops and factories and homes for the nation's ever increasing millions. These men recalled the fact that within a year past the price of window glass had been advanced between 50 and 60 per cent, and this, too, as the initial outcome of a syndicate operation which had been heralded as a public benefaction.

In the process of consolidation many window glass manufactories were shut down, the system of distribution largely cheapened and allied monopolies brought into requisition to force traders and consumers to use only the wares of the trust.

According to the logic of apologists for monopoly, the result should have been a cheapening of the product to consumers. But the material reduction of expenses has only stimulated an insatiable greed for more profits. Steadily the price of window glass has been advanced until at the present time it has approached closely to the point where competing imports might be brought into the American market over a tariff barrier of about 115 per cent. The consumer is charged the last cent that the traffic will bear, competition is destroyed, workmen and salesmen are condemned to enforced idleness and trade is restrained and controlled by a syndicate cabal, and this in some quarters is hailed as economic progress, because, forsooth, the window glass trust is enabled to declare fat dividends upon its enormously inflated shares.—New York News.

BLEW A SAFE

And Engaged In a Running Fight With Denizens of a Village.

Frankfort, Ind., April 8.—Burglars at Michigan Towne, east of this city, wrecked the safe in a brick building occupied by C. A. Marshall, a merchant, and after a desperate running battle with citizens, in which Marshall was slightly wounded and one of the robbers probably fatally shot, escaped with a small amount of booty. The big steel vault was blown out and across the room, and a drawer containing a package of bank bills was blown in an opposite direction and the bills torn into a thousand pieces. The property damage to the safe, building and goods will probably reach $3,000.

Train Derailed.

Kansas City, April 8.—By the derailing of an engine and a number of freight cars being brought into the city on the Kansas City suburban belt line railroad, four members of the crew were injured, one fatally. William Prime, brakeman, sustained a broken skull, and will die. The train was derailed a mile from the center of the city while runing at the rate of 25 miles an hour. The engine was demolished and 10 cars reduced to kindling wood.

Got Life.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 8.—Charles Rogers, who shot and killed his father-in-law, Milburn Baty, and seriously wounded his wife, Angelin Rogers, on March 10, was given a life sentence by a jury. Seven of the jurors voted for hanging on the first ballot. Rogers' defense was that the shooting was accidental. He testified that he intended to kill himself at his wife's feet, and she grabbed his revolver and was accidentally shot. Baty then tried to secure the gun and was fatally shot.

Scientist Church Dedicated.

Chicago, April 8.—Probably 10,000 persons participated in the dedication of the Second Church of Christ, Scientist. So great was the assemblage that a quadruple service was held. The salutatory address was delivered by Reader Bicknell Young, after which a greeting from Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy was read.

Radicals Absent.

Havana, April 8.—The radical members of the Cuban constitutional convention did not attend the special session called to discuss the question of sending a commission to Washington. Their absence made a quorum impossible, and another call was issued for a meeting to consider the matter.

Fresh Cases of Plague.

Cape Town, April 8. — During the last 48 hours 10 fresh cases of the bubonic plague have been officially reported. Of these four are Europeans and the others colored. The corpse of a colored person, who had died of the disease, was found.

About a Woman.

Memphis, April 8.—Dan McIntyre, a well known man about town, was stabbed to death by Thomas Allen, a steamboat mate. It is said that the tragedy grew out of differences about a woman.

Fell on a Revolving Saw.

Minerva, O., April 8.—Frank Daniels, aged 12, stumbled and fell on a huge revolving circular saw. It struck him squarely in the face and split his head, killing him.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For April 6.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime steers, $5 00@6 00; poor to medium, $3 75@4 90; stockers and feeders, $2 75@4 75; cows, $2 80@4 50; heifers, $2 80@4 70; canners, $2 00@2 75; bulls, $2 75@4 50; Texas fed steers, $4 10@5 30; Texas grass steers, $3 40@4 00; Texas bulls, $2 75@4 00. Calves—$4 75@6 00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5 85@6 10; good to choice heavy, $6 00@6 15; rough heavy, $5 85@5 95; light, $5 80@6 02½. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $4 85@5 10; fair to choice mixed, $4 50@4 80; western sheep, $4 85@5 10; export, $5 25; yearlings, $4 85@5 25; native lambs, $4 75@5 25; western lambs, $5 00@5 45. Wheat—No. 2 red, 71@73½c. Corn—No. 2, 41½@42c. Oats—No. 2, 26½c.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice smooth dry fed, 1,250 lb. steers and upwards, $4 40@4 65; green half fat steers, 900 to 1,200 lbs., $3 75@4 40; fair to best heifers, $3 50@4 50; fair to extra cows, $3 00@3 75; bulls, $3 25@3 75. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice handy wool lambs, $5 65@5 75; fair to good wool lambs, $5 40@5 60; heavy wool lambs, $5 25@5 50; choice handy wether wool sheep, $5 00@5 10; fair to good mixed wool sheep, $4 65@4 75; good to choice handy clipped lambs, $5 00@5 15; fair to good clipped lambs, $4 50@5 00; choice handy wether clipped sheep, $4 10@4 25; fair to good clipped sheep, $3 75@4 00. Calves—Fair to best, $3 00@5 65. Hogs—Mediums and heavies, $6 15; Yorkers, $6 10.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $5 50@5 65; prime, $5 20@5 40; good, $4 90@5 10; tidy butchers, $4 60@4 85; heifers, $3 00@4 25; cows, bulls and stags, $2 50@4 25; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $5 25@5 35; good, $5 10@5 20; fair, $4 50@5 00; choice lambs, $5 80@5 90; common to good, $4 50@5 75; clipped sheep, $4 00@4 75; clipped lambs, $4 00@5 35. Hogs—Mediums and heavy Yorkers, $6 25@6 30; light Yorkers, $6 15@6 20; heavy hogs, $6 25; pigs, $5 90@6 20.

BUFFALO—Cattle: Best shipping and export steers, $5 40@5 50; light butchers to good shippers, $4 25@5 25; heifers, $3 25@4 80; bulls, $3 20@4 00; stockers and feeders, $3 25@4 40. Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $5 90@6 00; fair to good, $5 50@5 75, culls and common, $5 00@5 25; mixed sheep, $4 50@4 75; culls and common, $3 25@3 75; yearlings, $5 00@5 40. Calves—$5 50@7 25. Hogs—Pigs, $6 10@6 15; Yorkers, $6 20; mediums, $6 35; heavy, $6 40.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Steers, $4 60@5 65; stags, $4 50; bulls, $3 00@4 25; cows, $2 15@4 15. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $4 00@5 00; culls, $3 00@3 50; clipped sheep, $3 75; lambs, $5 50@6 25. Calves—Veals, $4 00@7 25. Hogs—$6 35@6 50. Wheat—No. 2 red, 77½c. Corn—No. 2, 48½c. Oats—No. 2, 30½c.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 75@76c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 44c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 27½@28c. Rye—No. 2, 55c. Lard—$8 35. Bulk Meats—$8 62½. Bacon—$9 25. Hogs — $4 50@6 30. Cattle — $2 25@5 00. Sheep—$2 25@4 50. Lambs—$4 00@6 00.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 74½c; corn, 43c; oats, 28c; rye, 52c; cloverseed, $6 70.

BALTIMORE—Butter: Fancy creamery, 23c. Eggs—Fresh, 15c.

DOWN

Another Notch Goes the Market

For Crude Oil

Two Cents Off the Price of Lima Crude

And Another Reduction of Three Cents in Price of Eastern Oil.

A Heavy Gusher Struck by the Ohio Oil Co., on the Byerly Farm. A Test Well Being Drilled at Delphos.

The Standard took another fall out of the crude oil market today, reducing the price of Eastern oil three cents on the barrel and knocking two cents per barrel off of the price of the Lima and Hoosier production. The quotations are now as follows:

Tiona	$1.35
Pennsylvania	1.20
Barnesville	1.20
Corning	1.03
Newcastle	.93
South Lima	.83
North Lima	.88
Indiana	.83

Gusher on the Byerly.

A big producer was struck by the Ohio Oil company on the Byerly farm northeast of the city Saturday, which is in keeping with the one on the Henry Frueh. At 12 feet in the sand the oil began to flow and during the afternoon a 100 barrel tank was filled. The territory now showing well had been tested long ago but abandoned after several unsuccessful attempts were made.

PERSONAL.

Frank C. Lea has gone to Lima, O., to accept a position with a manufacturing company. His family will also leave in a few days and make that place their home.—Upper Sandusky Union.

Mrs. Ed. Moore and children have returned from Lima and will live in their property on Jefferson street.—Delphos Herald.

Editor Pillars of the Berea Enterprise, Berea, is being entertained for a few days by his cousin, James Pillars, of west Spring street.

Dory Call, of the South Side, returned from a visit to Toledo Saturday night.

Milton Kingseed and two little daughters, of Sidney, were the guests yesterday of his sister, Mrs. Rose Gallagher and children, of north Elizabeth street.

Miss Catherine Kelley, of Portland, Indiana, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Lucy Howard, of north Jackson street.

James Clark, of Findlay, was the guest yesterday of his uncle, Rev. A. E. Manning.

M. Doolin, of Sidney, was the guest yesterday of his brother, P. J. Doolin, and family of north Main street.

Miss Alice Parker, who has been visiting relatives and friends here for a few weeks, will leave for her home in Charlottsville, Va., where she will resume her position as saleslady.

Miss 'Gene Keating, of Sidney, who was here attending the meeting of the Round Table was, while here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Hanley, of north Main street.

George Miller, formerly of this city, now of Dayton, was here spending Easter with some of his old friends and relatives.

Mrs. William Annat, of Wooster, is in this city, called here by the serious condition of her father, Dr. W. H Harper.

Miss Florence Tyler, of Lima, O., arrived in the city Saturday and was, over Sunday, the guest of Miss Goldie Wilson. While Miss Florence was in the city a theatre party was formed, of which she was one of the number.—Toledo Times.

Mrs. B. A. Roloson, formerly of Delphos, is seriously ill from hemorrhage of the lungs at her home in Lima. Her mother and Mrs. W. A. Miller are at her bedside.—Delphos Herald.

Miss Margaret Noonan, of west McKibben street, left last night for Akron, being called there by the serious illness of her aunt Mrs. John Eagen.

Misses Bessie Detrick and Tillie Reaver, returned last evening to their home at Phoneton, O., after a pleasant visit with Miss Ella Conrad of north Jefferson street.

W. H. Deakin has returned from Wauson, Wis., and will take his family to that place this week.

THE IDLER.

John G. Roberts, of Sugar Creek township, has been re-appointed by Governor Nash as trustee of the Columbus hospital.

* * *

"Lefty" Houtz, a well-known base ball player, of Wapakoneta, who was with Sioux City for part of the season last year, has agreed to sign a contract with the Indianapolis team in the Western League and will report to manager Watkins in a few days. Harry Eichler, the clever second baseman, who had signed with Mansfield, is now looking for another "place," like the other members of the defunct Mansfield team.

* * *

The Woman's Culture club will meet with Mrs. R. K. Floeter, 518 east High street, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

* * *

The Ladies' Auxilary to the Y. M. C. A. will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

* * *

The meeting of the Benevolent Brotherhood of Buffalos will be held in Wheeler hall tomorrow evening instead of in Music hall as announced Saturday. All members present will be given the obligation, and the Lima herd will go into permanent organization.

* * *

A local camp of Modern Woodmen of America will be organized in Delphos Wednesday, and the officers and team of Lima camp will exemplify the work.

* * *

Policeman Phil Goebel, who has been confined to his home a couple of weeks and who underwent a surgical operation is improving steadily and his friends will be glad to learn that he will soon be able to be about again.

* * *

Van Wert is highly pleased with the prospect of having the honor of entertaining the Round Table Association next year, and the Bulletin makes the following comment:

"At the session Saturday morning the place for the next meeting was decided. Van Wert received the unanimous vote of the association. This is a bit of good news, which will be highly appreciated by the patrons of the public schools and all those engaged in educational pursuits. The association is composed of the leading instructors of this part of Ohio and it is an honor to receive such consideration at their hands.

* * *

At their own home, April 7, at 724 north Union street, in the midst of a large circle of invited guests, M. Daniel Armentrout and Miss Lillian Burton, both of Lima, were joined in holy wedlock, W. A. Brundige, of the first Christian church, officiating.

Prisoners' Fatal Quarrel.

Cincinnati, April 8.—Edward Flynn struck Charles Stabler on the head with a soup ladle at the city workhouse here, killing him instantly. Both men are prisoners. They quarreled over a trifle.

Disastrous Runaway.

Memphis, April 8.—In a runaway accident Mrs. Thomas Kinnane sustained injuries from which she died, and Miss Jennie McPartland suffered a broken limb.

Arrests For Treason.

Cape Town, April 8.—Wholesale arrests for treason were made in Graaf Reinet and Aberdeen. A small party of Boers has reoccupied Philipstown, in Cape Colony.

Czar's Donation.

New York, April 8.—At the services of the Syrian Greek Orthodox church in this city it was announced that Czar Nicholas II of Russia has given 2,000 roubles, or about $1,000, toward the building fund of the church which is soon to be erected in Brooklyn.

COMPARE THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT'S LOCAL NEWS PAGES WITH THOSE OF THE MORNING "TRAILER" AND YOU WILL FIND THE LATTER ALWAYS TWELVE HOURS BEHIND.

PATHFINDER CIGARS

We positively assert that they contain Havana. Sold strictly under a guarantee. Try them. On sale at following places:

Ask the Man Behind the Case.

Albert Keak.
Pockel & Dennis.
Howard H. Hover.
Z. A. Crosson & Co.

Wm. Hohl.
A. Miller.
Marmen Drug Co.
D. S. Irwin.

Thos. Morrison.
The John Wheeler Grocery.
Wm. Melville.
A. J. Simons.

Lee Beeler.
Jas. S. Smith.
Negelspach Bros.
Samuel J. Fergerson.

H. Vorthamp.
Watson & Co.
Holland & Thomas.
J. P. Lynde.
L. C. Townsend.

The Weideman Company,
Distributors.
CLEVELAND, O.

IF YOU WANT TO

BUY A HOME

ON WEST SPRING STREET, I HAVE

An elegant 7 room house, all modern, near Metcalf, $2,500.

An elegant 10 room house, all modern, near Metcalf, $4,250.

An elegant 7 room house, all modern, near Baxter, $2,700.

An elegant 8 room house, all modern, near McDonald, $2,700.

An elegant 8 room house, all modern, near Collet, $2,700.

Two good 8 room houses, all modern, near Pierce, $5,000.

One good 7 room house, all modern, near McDonald, $2,300.

Nice 8 room house, all modern, beyond Collet, $3,000.

Nice 6 room house, near Jameson avenue, $1,650.

Nice 5 room house, near Jameson avenue, $1,300.

ON WEST MARKET STREET.

Fine 10 room house, all modern, and barn, near Baxter, $6,200.

Fine 11 room house, all modern, near Collet, $5,000.

Fine 9 room house, all modern near Jameson avenue, $4,500.

Fine 10 room house, all modern, and barn, near Collet, $4,000.

Fine 8 room house, all modern and barn, near Collet, $3,300.

WEST NORTH STREET

Fine residence, 10 rooms, fine lot, near Washington, $10,000.

Fine residence, 9 rooms, fine lot, near Washington, $5,200.

Good home, large lot near Baxter $2,500.

New 10 room residence, near Collet, $4,000.

8 room house, large lot and barn, near Charles, $2,200.

WEST WAYNE STREET.

Large lot, 2 houses, near Main street, a bargain, $4,000.

ON WEST HIGH STREET.

An elegant 11 room house, all modern, near Main street, $6,000.

One 9 room and one 6 room house, all modern, near McDonald, $5,000.

One 9 room house, near Metcalf, all modern, $2,500.

One 8 room and one 7 room house, near Jameson avenue, $1,700, $1,300.

Good 9 room house, east Market near Cemetery street, all modern, $1,850.

Good 8 room house, east Market, near Cemetery street, large lot and barn, $1,800.

Good 7 room house, north Jackson near North street, $2,500.

Two good houses on south Jackson one $1,400, one $1,300.

Cozy little home, south Pierce, fine lot, $850.

Nice home, south Collet, all modern, $2,500.

Cozy home, north Baxter, all modern, $5,300.

Two houses on south Main, all modern, one $3,000, one $3,500.

Nice home, west Elm street and one Greenlawn avenue, $1,600, and $1,700.

Besides many others scattered over the city.

All the choice vacant lots are on my list.

Also 5 acre brick yard with equipment (cheap), $1,400.

Good business block on Main street (will net 8 per cent.), $5,000.

Also brick block on Public Square. Call and see me before buying.

E. P. WILKINS,
21 and 22 Opera House Block.

WANTED

3 gentlemen, salary $15 per week guaranteed; also a few ladies and gentlemen for light, pleasant and profitable employment at home. A few more traveling positions. Small capital required. Call at room 11, Hotel Normandie.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

HUNT

kely to be Man in Charge

hen the Sale

the D. & L. N. Road is Closed

the Detroit Southern ystem is Permanently Organized.

ısylvania Co. Said to be Planıg to Beat the T. & O. C. in Building a Short Line from Columbus to Chicago.

ere is no doubt that Samuel Hunt be placed in charge of the Detroit hern when that line, which is to st of the Detroit and Lima Northand Ohio Southern, is formed. new company will be organized bly about the first of June.

e Detroit and Lima Northern is sold the 13th of next month, and he bid in by the people who own Ohio Southern.

e consolidation of the two lines take place soon after.

. Hunt, who was here yesterday, ted that he had just returned a trip over the line, but was nonittal as to whether he would be d in charge of the operating of w property.

is known, however, that he has asked to take charge of the prop- and when the consolidation is ted it is safe to say he will be the Detroit Southedn.

e Detroit and Lima Northern ex- from Detroit to Lima, 157 miles, e it connects with the Ohio hern, which reaches from Lima rnelia, 197 miles.

e new line with its 350 miles will coal carrying road between the hern Ohio coalfields and the lakes etroit.

. Hunt, as Receiver of the Clover made a splendid record, and as dent he built up the Cincinnati, mouth and Virginia, which was ally sold to the Norfolk and ern.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Car Loads of Money.

other big shipment of gold and bullion went through Lima on nger time over the Pennsylvania day, consigned to the mint at delphia. Eight cars were atd to the engine and there were ops, except where crossings made necessary. These trains are not frequent occurrence, and the sylvania company has to furnish ery bond for the safe delivery of precious metal. Through the ern states an armed guard acanies the train, but if they go gh to the end of the journey, of them are seen, as the train s by the stations. The value of in of sumptuous Pullmans would into insignicance compared with ealth stored away in the ordinary ng cars that carry the wealth of estern mines to Uncle Sam's cof-

Toledo's View of It.

s said that the Pennsylvania any has a corps of surveyors at running a line between Milford r and Lima, a distance of 55 , with the object in view of buildbetween the two points and conng the two divisions of the road. would give the Pennsylvania a line from Columbus to Chicago. ould probably head off the T. & ., which, it is said, is contemg a line to Chicago by extending St. Mary's branch. — Toledo s.

Notes.

senger conductor, A. L. Heath, L. E. & W., spent Sunday with mily here.

transfer of the Lake Erie & ern to the Vanderbilt system has ed in a wonderful increase in ice of stocks. Before the transtock was at $12 with but few s. Today it is in demand at $65. liberal improvement policy has extended to the road to the advantage of the property.

opposition to the Erie Pennnia combination on Pan-Ameriusiness is daily becoming more unced, and a call has been issued meeting of the Central Pass Association at Chicago on Wedy. A lively time is looked for, rom present appearances there ses to be a rate war that will Buffalo within reach of thousof people who would be kept from the exposition by high railfares.

rles L. McFadden, formerly of the Cincinnati Northern shops at Van Wert, has received a position in the L. E. & W. shops here.

The C. H. & D. has offered reduced rates to Dayton and return from the 9th to the 12th, on account of the musical festival.

General superintendent John W. Lutz, of the C. L. & M., was registered at the Lima House last night.

Switchman Geo. Halterman, of the L. E. & W., is laying off, entertaining his brother from Galion, O.

If you wish to make a loan or renew a loan, you can save money by calling on C. H. Folsom.

NOTICE.

The 13th annual ball will be given by Lima lodge, 184 Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen at Music hall, Lima, Ohio, Easter Monday evening, April 8. Everybody invited and a good time is expected. Admission one dollar. Ladies free. Come everybody. No improper characters admitted. 9-2t.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

D. J. CABLE

Elected Vice President of Telephone Company.

The Ohio Independent Telephone Association, in session in Columbus, last Satulday elected the following officers: President, Judge J. M. Thomas, Cleveland; first vice president, D. J. Cable, Lima; second vice president, C. Y. McVey, Youngstown; secretary and treasurer, H. C. Critchfield, Cleveland.

The greatest headache cure in the world is Bromo-Pepsin, because it is absolutely harmless. It is a positive specific also for indigestion, nervousness, and nausea. Note the word Pepsin. All druggists. 10c., 25c., and 50c per bottle.

DELPHOS

Will Open the Season on May 5 With Dayton Clippers.

The base ball season is taking its first breath and within the next few weeks the voice of the umpire will be heard throughout the land. Delphos is in good trim again with a crack team and will open the season on the local grounds, May 5th, with the Dayton Clippers, following with the Fort Wayne team on May 12. New uniforms have been provided and the grounds will have no superior in any town in the state.

King Reeve, the crack third baseman, has been offered a salary of $100 a month to play with the Utica, N. Y., team, but has not as yet accepted. He has played with several college teams and put up a phenomenal game with Delphos last year.

EXCURSION

Account Northwestern Ohio Grand Army Meeting

At Toledo, Tuesday, April 9th, via C. H. & D. Tickets good going on all regular trains of the 9th, good returning any train of the 9th or 10th. A free supper will be furnished to all going. Fare for the round trip $2.10. 8-3t

AWNINGS! AWNINGS!

I have the latest stripes in the awning line. Also repair and put up old awnings. All work guaranteed.

JNO. P. BOURQUIN, Agent.
138 north West Street.
Old phone 697. 9-3t.

PRINCESS SKIRTS.

The construction of these skirts, sometimes called Corselet skirts, is explained fully in the May Designer now on sale at Feltz's Dry Goods store, first door south of court house.

FOR SALE.

Household goods consisting of bed room suit, one folding bed, one couch, one leather chair, music cabinet, one parlor cabinet and many other articles as good as new including one steel range and one hard coal base burner. Inquire of W. H. Deakin, 319 north McDonald street. 0-2t

NEWS

Of the City Across the River.

Easter Sunday

Celebrated at the Several Churches.

Rev. Leatherman Delivered an Address at the Childrens' Home.

One South Side Family Leaves for Florence, Colorado, to Locate in a Future Home. Notes of Interest.

Easter tide was joyfully celebrated by the several south Lima churches in a seasonable manner, with appropriate services and programs. The day's services were solemn, elaborate and edifying. In the evening the young people's societies rendered before appreciative audiences well arranged programs of a musical and elecutionary nature. All participants acquitted themselves creditably

At the Childrens Home south of town yesterday interesting and commendable instructive services were conducted by the inmates assisted by outside talent.

The exercises by the school and the address by Rev. W. H. Leatherman, were very conductive to the occasion's enjoyableness.

Saturday night about eleven o'clock, a disgraceful scene was enacted on south Main street. A husband was remonstrating his wife, who was intent upon parading around with a young fellow whom she seemed to thing was "It." The annoyed husband's pleadings were abruptly terminated by his wife breaking her umbrella over his head. At this juncture Mr. Jones, a guest of the Lake Erie House, in front of which this affectionate demonstration was transpiring, volunteered his services as peace maker, for which trouble he received the application of some very caustic remarks. The injured husband requested Mr. Jones to telephone for a policeman, which he did. The woman who was intoxicated, delivered an impassioned address of defiance to the police, or any one else; and by way of parting, struck her aushand a terrible blow in the face, then ran up the street to meet her young admirer who was waiting for her near Vine street.

Two of Van Wert's prominent public school teachers, in the persons of Misses. Denture and Webster, who were the guests Saturday of Dr. and Mrs. A. S. Rudy, on south Main street, have returned home.

Saturday night, a pretty girl baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Crumrine.

Yesterday Paul Tingle, of St. Marys, visited with his mother in this city.

This morning W. J. Wiesenbaugh, formerly of Lima, left for his home in Chicago, after a brief business stay in this city.

Another recent acqusition to the south side is W. A. Carey, and family, of Wellsville.

Sunday was spent by S. K. Powell and wife, of Alger, at the home of John Crull, on Reese avenue.

At the home of J. P. Jackson, Miss Katherine Baumgardner, of Celina, was entertained yesterday.

Because of the illness of his wife, J. E. Riddle, was called to Wapakoneta Sunday.

Celina relatives of H. J. Swinhart and wife entertained them Easter.

The serious illness of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Gallent's son at Bluffton, occasioned their visiting there Sunday.

Easter was spent by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller, of east Kibby street, with friends at St. Marys.

At the home of W. H. Eaton, on west Kibby street, yesterday, Harry Muler and family, of St. Marys were entertained.

Owing to the precarious condition of his father, Larry Cox has gone to his home at Sandusky.

The children of J. H. Morrison were delighted by receiving two pretty Shetland ponies, a present from a friend of their father at Greenville.

Yesterday afternoon in stepping from a rear porch at his home on east Kibby street, Ray Miller fell, so seriously spraining his ankle as to be compelled to walk with crutches for some time.

On account of the death of her mother Mrs. James Lewis, of south Main street, has gone to Sandusky.

After a short visit with relatives here, Mrs. William Garlinger, of Ada, returned home yesterday morning.

Having been quite ill the past few days, Mrs. S. A. Snyder is now convalescent.

This locality will be the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Rhinseheart, recently married at Ada.

Among the south side ill is Mrs. H. B. Medsker.

At her Second street home, Mrs. Ira Robbins has for her guest Mrs. Edna Wells, of St. Marys.

Sickness confines James Ballanger to his home on Second street.

Yesterday afternoon Miss Mable Black left for a short visit with friends at Wapakoneta.

One of Ada's rising young lawyers in the person of E. B. Millioner was engaged in professional business awhile on the south side Saturday afternoon.

For the past few days Mrs. John Dabler has been quite ill at her home on St. Johns avenue.

Having been ill the last few days, Mrs. Alford Robinson, of St. Johns avenue, is recovered.

This morning Jacob Seiffert, who has been confined to his home on St. Johns avenue by illness for several days resumed employment.

At Celina, M. M. Betz, of south Pine street, was entertained by friends yesterday.

Having spent Easter with J. F. Van Horn and family, of McPheron avenue, his father, J. M. Van Horn, left this morning to visit with relatives in Henry county.

Gomer friends were visited Sunday by Joseph Shanney and N. E. Shoemaker, of south Lima.

Ada, the former home of Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Stumm, of south Main street, was visited by them yesterday.

Today the store on south Central avenue, formerly owned by Ira Fincle, was transferred to Miller & Albert, who will conduct the business hereafter.

Easter was spent by Mrs. V. V. Alexander, with friends at Waynesfield.

Friday afternoon two young boys residing near Ada, drove to this city with a load of potatoes. On west Kibby street, near Cramer's store, their wagon broke down. While endeavoring to repair it the inoffensive fellows were set upon by a crowd of young rowdies, who made life miserable for the "farmers," as the gang called them, by stealing their potatoes and throwing them at the boys. Some gentleman in the vicinity caused the crowd to desist. The country boys finally disposed of their goods in a business like manner and returned home.

Mrs. August Spaeth and daughter Miss Florence, of St. Johns avenue, left today for Florence, Colo., to join Mr. Spaeth and make that place their future home.

NEXT WEEK

Remains of Mrs. Satterthwaite Will Reach Lima.

Word has reached Lima friends that Mr. I. W. Satterthwaite, accompanied by J. H. Wood, wife and son, will leave California on the 13th of this month with the remains of Mrs. Satterthwaite, which will be laid to rest in Woodlawn. They expect to reach Lima on April 17th.

PRESBYTERY

Of the Lima Circuit is in Session at Delphos.

The Spring session of Lima Presbytery convened at Delphos today, the first meeting being held this evening, when the moderator, Rev. James A. Petterson will also deliver an address on Home Missions. The meeting will close tomorrow evening with a lecture by Rev. J. L. Whiting, D. D., who went through the siege of Pekin.

LIMA

Becomes a City of the First Class Fourth Grade.

Governor Nash, Auditor Guilbert and Secretary of State Laylin have issued a circular letter showing what cities, villages and hamlets are entitled to advancements in grades as determined by the Federal census of 1900, and as a result, Lima advances from a second to a first class city of the fourth grade. Findlay got the best she could out of it and is advanced to a city of the second class third grade.

INVITATION TO ADVERTISERS.

We cordially invite all advertisers and others interested in newspaper circulation to visit our press room and inspect the circulation of the Times-Democrat as it is run out from our fast Hoe press. We absolutely guarantee a circulation greater than any other Lima newspaper has now or ever had in its history of this city.

BOTH

Courts Will be in Session.

A Busy Time

For Attorneys Interested in Litigation.

Common Pleas Court Convened This Morning and Circuit Tomorrow.

The Grand Jury Receives Instructions and With the Prosecutor Will Look After the State Offenders.

Attorneys practicing at the Allen county bar will have their hands full for the next few weeks, looking after affairs of their clients in both Common Pleas and Circuit Court. The April term was opened this morning with Judge Cunningham on the bench and tomorrow the Circuit Court judges will be in session to consider the cases that have either been appealed or taken up on error. In the meantime Prosecuting Attorney Klinger is closeted with the grand jury and will look after the interests of the county so far as examining into a viclation of the state laws is concerned. There are but few important cases so far as the public is generally aware of, the one of greatest significance being the charge against Clem Dickman who sent Jack Carroll to his death. The members of the jury were instructed as to their duties this morning and will be in session for such time as it will take to clean up the docket.

The circuit court has a rather unimportant docket, seven out of the twenty-one cases on the docket being the actions of Martha Rousculp, administratrix, against the Ohio Southern Railroad and other party defendants. The six other cases are as follows:

Farmers and Merchants bank of Jackson Center, vs. William B. Morris.

Henry S. Smith, et al., vs. J. J. Guyer, et al.

Princes Freeman vs. Mary E. Simmons.

Charles S. Cowles vs. Jacob T. Lincoln.

Cable & Parmenter vs. The Central Passenger Association.

J. E. Davis vs. Marion Adams.

C. H. & D. Railway Co., vs. Minnie Papp, administrator.

State of Ohio vs. Wm. M. Bryan.

Lewis H. Miller vs. Roth, Argue & Co.

C. H. & D. Railway Company vs. Laura B. Carolus.

Joseph C. Thompson vs. Charles L. Ackerman.

L. E. & W. Railroad Co., vs. Sarah B. Ruble, administrator.

Wm. B. Weger vs. Newton Sager, Sr.

Russell Hennon vs. John W. Barrick, et al.

After a session of three hours this morning, the following partial assignment of cases was posted:

First week—F. Downing, trustee, vs. J. C. Ridenour et al.; April 12; Martha Rousculp, administratrix, vs. Ohio Southern Railroad, et al., April 13.

Second week—Schofield & Teagle vs. Sylvester M. Finch, et al., April 15; Mansfield Imp. Co., vs. John Joseph, April 16; Benjamin Antrim, administrator, vs. Lima Electric Setr na,railih soloahmtingSpyker Light & Power Co., April 18.

Third week—Elijah Bowsher vs. Gus Kalb, April 22; Arthur D. Rhoads vs. The Lima Railway Co., April 23; Jennie Burns et al., vs. J. C. Linneman, April 24; Mary C. Davis vs. The City of Lima, April 25; Helen H. Lillie vs. The City of Lima, April 26.

New Cases.

W. A. Reynolds vs. Margaret Decker, transcript.

Theo. Feist vs. Bostley Harper, transcript.

BAKER

Settles and Secures His Released from Jail.

Thomas Baker, who was arrested on a paternity charge preferred by Jennie Place, appeared in court today and after being advised of an agreement entered into between the respective attorneys, Judge Cunningham ordered his release Baker agreed to pay the defendant $200, and settle the costs. Fifty dollars is to be paid down and the balance in installments.

THOMSON DRY GOODS CO.

Wash Dress Goods. The Sunshine Fabrics.

Wash Stuffs have kept on coming until the counters are near to breaking down.

We can picture summer time with fair figures arranged in all this loom beauty. If you've a wash goods thought kindly connect it with this store. You'll be amazed at the line and surprised at the little money needed for a dress or waist. Special price inducements are being made just now. Good time to choose, too, when the assortments are at their best.

1 case fine quality fancy Ginghams, stripes, checks and plaids, regular 12 1-2c goods, at 8 1-2c the yard.

Beautiful Ginghams, in pleasing variety of new spring designs and colorings, at 10c the yard.

36-inch good quality Percales, fast colors and neat styles, at 10c the yard.

Best quality 36-inch Percales, all new styles, choice goods for waists, at 12 1-1c the yard.

Alcona Batiste, 31 inches wide handsome floral designs on colored ground or black with neat colored figures, a particularly desirable fabric, at 10c the yard.

Holly Batiste, fifteen styles, all fresh, new designs, at 15c the yard.

Tissue Antique, 31 inches wide, a splendid summer cloth, elegant Dresden and floral designs, new spring shades, 15c the yard.

Handsome Printed Dimities, 30 inches wide at 15c the yard.

Swiss Fan Tan, 36 inches wide, stripes with embroidered dots, at 25c the yard.

Royal Batiste, in new designs, specially for shirt waists, at 16c the yard.

Embroidered Linens, with fancy stripes, the new much wanted goods for both waists and dresses, at 16c the yard.

Lappertt Stripes, all shades, handsome Swiss Goods, at 25c the yard.

Mercerized Pongee, a fine silky appearing cloth, in ten handsome styles and beautiful colorings, at 35c the yard.

Duchess La Grande, a beautiful satin finish cloth, at 25c the yard.

Plumetis de Soie, 28 inches wide, a very fine sheer mercerized cloth, having much the appearance of India Silk, but with embroidered dots, comes in all the new and delicate shades, at 50c the yard.

Foulard de Soie, 29 inches wide, handsome as foulard silk, will wash and keep its color, here in all the delicate shades and plain black, at 50c the yard.

Thomson Dry Goods Co.

538-235 MAIN STREET, NORTH.

TO THE PUBLIC.

LIMA, O., April 7th, 1901.

To the Public:

We, the officers of the Second Baptist church, wish to make the following statement: We see in the Republican-Gazette yesterday a report that a meeting of the elders of our church was called last Friday night to investigate certain charges against Rev. R. W. Christian, our retiring acting pastor. We would say that the above report is not true; no meeting was called for any such purpose. We held our regular monthly business meeting and we are glad to say we never had a better and more satisfactory business meeting in our church. Rev. Christian promised the church that when he decided to quit serving the church as pastor he would give the church due notice that he did last Friday night. As to the money collected by him he made a satisfactory report to the church for which the church tendered him a vote of thanks which the minutes of the meeting will show. Rev. Christian will close his work with us next Sunday night at which time he will preach his closing sermon. All are invited. Should he intend to make Lima his home he is welcome to our church at all times.

Respectfully,
F. W. TYRE,
LOUIS NELSON,
T. W. FREEMAN,
ALLEN TUCKER,
Deacons.
T. H. HAITHCOCK, Church Clerk.

SPECIAL SALE.

Having made a purchase of a lot of all over embroideries at about 50c on the dollor we offer the lot for sale tomorrow at prices that will be a great saving to you. See display in show window. Feltz Bros. & Co., first door south of court house.

See the most beautiful light in the world, the

Electrolite Gas Lamp.

Burns acetylene gas, a splendid lamp for the library, at

W. A. SMITH'S.

212 South Main Street.

Our Carpets

Are of the highest goods and most exclusive designs. Our stock is larger than ever before; prices from 18c to $1.50 per yard. 1

The Newson-Bond Co.

A KING'S REVENGE.

PORTUGAL'S RULER SAID TO BE A VILLAIN.

After Luring a Physician's Wife from Her Husband, He Deserts Her—When She Finds a Defender He Causes His Assassination.

No scapegrace of European royalty can compare in moral depravity with Charles Ferdinand, king of Portugal. His private life is full of violations of the precepts of morality by which his subjects are governed and scarcely a month passes without some new story of scandalous conduct that shocks his people. A recent tragic romance has provoked all Lisbon into a flutter of revolt and directs attention to this gouty monarch who goes his royal way determined only by his royal will. All the world knows the contemptible position he occupies among the rulers of Europe. His private fortunes are so reduced that he has been obliged several times to pawn the royal crown that is the insignia of his "divine" superiority over his fellow countrymen, and the fact that he has handed over the foreign relations of his kingdom to England for a financial consideration.

The Scandal of Europe.

But that he could stoop to such depths of conscienceless ness and villainy as are revealed in his latest outrageous act not even those most familiar with his moral caliber could believe. Senora M—— was the wife of a physician attached to the king's household. She was young and fair, with sparkling eyes, dark hair and rose-hued cheeks—a picture of loveliness. Her husband distinguished himself during the plague scare a few years ago; it was then the king met both husband and wife. His royal corpulency has a thorough appreciation of feminine beauty. The physician and his wife were introduced to the court circle and the former was rapidly advanced. He believed that his devotion to his country in its time of danger was the reason for his advancement; the beautful young wife soon had reason to know that there was other foundation for the preferment. She yielded to the temptation that meant social advancement. She became a favorite of the king and her magnificent gowns were paid for out of the royal treasury. She became a member of Queen Amelie's household.

Husband Took It Philosophically.

When the unhappy physician at last learned his fate, it is characteristic of present-day court life at Lisbon that he resigned himself to it listlessly.

"There is nothing to be done," he said, and all Lisbon agreed with him.

Up to this point the romance had run smoothly. In Lisbon and Oporto there are husbands by the hundred who have passed through the same misfortune. The procedure is simply to wait for some new fancy of the king to break the spell. Later on, therefore, when Charles Ferdinand had tired of her, the physician's beautiful young wife had only to make her peace with him, live for a time as if in mourning, and begin the humdrum life anew. Unhappily for them, neither husband nor wife developed normally from here on. He took to brooding over his misfortunes. And she forgot that it was dangerous to wound a king's vanity.

A Jealous King.

Cast off by the king, no longer holding a place in her husband's affections, though again his companion,

KING OF PORTUGAL.

the physician's wife found it easy to accept the favors which a young man of the landed gentry was able to bestow on her. This new attachment did not escape the observation of the king. Though he had tired of her once, his jealousy was aroused. He meditated revenge.

Not since Shakespeare's Iago is there to be found a record of revenge to compare with this one for infamous cynicism. Sending secretly for the physician, now notoriously unbalanced by brooding over his wrongs, the jealous king deliberately unfolded to him the story of his new misfortune. No divorce detective could have made a more circumstantial report to his employer. He gave the distracted husband dates, addresses, and, they say, even photographs of intercepted letters. Then, after a significant discourse on his own wounded honor and the only means of clearing it, he dismissed the man, ripe for assassination and sure of immunity.

The Assassination.

They say that the distracted husband went direct from the palace to the shop of a dealer in firearms. He purchased a heavy-caliber, five-shot revolver, loaded it and made for the spot indicated as the rendezvous. There, on a quiet side street, near a church, and in sight of the hospital in which he had for years devoted himself to the relief of suffering, he shot down like a dog the young man just as he was in the act of helping the lady into a carriage. Three shots took effect, and the victim fell stone dead. The assassin spared his wife and calmly walked home, unmolested, with the revolver in his hand.

Within an hour the assassin was put under arrest, and by a special order of the public prosecutor—as if the thing had been foreseen—he was conducted to the little-used prison of the Fort de San Julian for safe keeping. It is to this precaution that he probably owes his life to-day, for the mob that gathered after the funeral of the victim allowed itself to be discouraged only by the obvious impossibility of penetrating such a fortress, and it was at this funeral that the spontaneous indignation of all Lisbon, that has disturbed even the cynical king, first manifested itself.

The king has visited the demented physician and it is said that by interposition of royal decree he is to be acquitted when his case comes to trial.

A TALE OF WOE	A TALE OF JOY
A small boy has	Same boy, a
Sore Throat.	Little older, wiser.
Mother gets the oil can,	Sore Throat again.
Soaks a cloth,	No lamp oil for him.
Wraps boy's neck.	Heard of
Awake all night.	TONSILINE.
Next morning	School chum used it.
Throat blistered;	Tells mother,
Raw as beefsteak.	Who pities boy.
Outside so sore.	Buys a bottle, 25c.,
Boy forgets inside.	Gives two doses.
Can't turn head for	Sleeps all night.
3 days—Sorry	Morning—
They ever struck 'ile.'	Boy wakes up.
He thinks—"Next	Throat all right.
Time I'll keep mum;	One more family
Kerosene worse than	Never without
Sore Throat.	TONSILINE
Don't fool me again."	After that.

TONSILINE CURES SORE THROAT.

Is safe and pleasant to take and quick and sure to cure. 25 and 50 cents. All Druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO., Canton, Ohio

A RAGING, ROARING FLOOD

Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholy cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by H. F. Vortkamp. Price 50 cents and $1.00.

Stables Growing Modest.

Stables along Fifth avenue are surely disappearing. The one drawback to the appearance of "Millionaire Row" has been the existence of these buildings, erected in close proximity to the dwelling houses, and very costly—but stables, nevertheless. Now the value of the property has become too great even for millionaires to use it as stable sites. Elaborate houses are displacing them, and no fewer than three such changes are at present being made between Sixtieth and Eighty-fifth streets.

"STICK TO IT."

Geo. L. Heard of High Tower, Georgia, writes: "Eczema broke out on my baby covering his entire body. Under treatment of our family physician he got worse as he could not sleep for the burning and itching. We used a box of Banner Salve on him and by the time it was gone he was well. The doctor seeing it was curing him said, "Stick to it for it is doing him more good than anything I have done for him."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Vaccination Causes Lockjaw.

Two cases of lockjaw have resulted from vaccination in New England. At Springfield a boy named McCormick died in consequence of his jaw becoming set by reason of a vaccination sore. At Thompsonville, Conn., a boy of 14 broke a vaccination scab in a scuffle with a schoolmate. His jaws had begun to set when a physician was called. Antitoxine was injected and, after persistent treatment, the boy's jaws relaxed.

CAUGHT A DREADFUL COLD.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by all druggists.

WOMAN AND HOME.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONS.

The Success of a Young Girl as a Gardener—Refinements of Life—How to Wear the Hair—Caste in Turkey—Notes of the Modes.

A GIRL GARDENER.

Landscape gardening, in the eyes of Miss Beatrix Jones, has attractions superior to those of society. She has adopted it seriously as a profession, and finds it ever so much more stimulating than dances and dinners. Miss Jones is a daughter of Mrs. Cadwalader Jones, and belongs to the Four Hundred of New York, but she esteems it a far greater distinction that she is the first woman landscape gardener in this country, and that she has been chosen a member of the executive committee of the American society of Landscape Architects.

Landscape architecture is the modern name for this fascinating pursuit, and it is really more fitting than the older term, since gardening implies the cultivation of plants, rather than the laying out of parks and grounds according to artistic standards.

In the two years that she has devoted to her calling Miss Jones has achieved notable results, says a writer in the Home Magazine. She has designed the grounds for several new residences at Bar Harbor and other resorts of fashion. One of her most recent patrons was Edgar Scott of Philadelphia, who has established himself next to George W. Vanderbilt's estate. Miss Jones does her designing in a studio that she had fitted up for herself in her mother's home in New York There, surrounded by objects of art, she works hard over her drawing board, planning how to mold forest and lawn and shrub land so that they will simulate the wildest effects of nature or the fairest groves of antiquity.

CASTE OF TURKISH WOMEN.

A Constantinople correspondent writes: "It is not generally known that there exists among Turkish ladies of high class a kind of caste feeling similar to that prevailing among the Hindoos. It takes the form of a fear of contamination from the outer world, and is only observed, as far as I know, by those who cannot afford to keep servants in sufficient numbers. Before meals ladies always wash their hands at a tap from which the water runs into a marble basin. They will turn on the tap when they are just going to wash, but when they have finished they let the water run till somebody shuts it off, as to do it themselves would make them unclean. They cannot open or shut a door, as the handle would be unclean, so a slave is generally kept handy for the purpose.

"One of these fastidious ladies was talking to a small niece the other day who had just received a present of a beautiful doll from Paris. The child presently laid the doll on the lady's lap, who was horrified and ordered the child to take it away. As the little girl would not move it, and no servant was near, and the lady would be defiled by touching a doll that was brought from abroad, the only thing she could think of was to jump up and let the doll fall, which broke to pieces. The same lady will not open a letter coming by post, but a servant opens it and holds it near her for her to read. If her handkerchief falls to the ground it is immediately destroyed or given away, so that she should not use it again. This curious state of exclusiveness of fanaticism exists, I am told, in many of the large harems. Among men it is not practiced."—London Telegraph.

FOR RECEPTION OR LUNCHEON.

Of coffee-colored crepe, with designs of ecru lace and gold spangles appliqued on. Yoke of white tucked chiffon and white satin, with blue silk French dots. Bow of light blue panne velvet.

REFINEMENTS OF LIFE.

Ever since the alabaster box of precious ointment was used for a benign purpose by the woman of Bethany, and the question was asked by those who saw the sacrifice: "To what purpose is this waste?" the world has had manifold illustrations of the spirit that prompted the query. A love of the refinements of life, the delicate and beautiful in dress, and the time and money and patient labor expended in producing a work that shall please the eye and gratify the taste, are often condemned as something worse than vanity—a waste of precious moments. Is it not the misuse of the luxuries and adornments of dress, rather than the love and wearing of them, which is open to censure by complaining critics? These critics are satisfied with the carrots and cabbages of this life, believing that the wilderness or garden which blossoms with the rose is so much waste ground; clothing themselves with coarse and ungraceful garments and thinking thereby to placate heaven or spite a nameless one who is seeking to devour them.—New York Post.

DRESSING THE HAIR.

There are varied opinions about this new revival of the fashion of dressing the hair low on the neck. Their tone depends very much on whether or not the mode is becoming to the woman who is speaking. If she is young, with a fresh oval face and a small, shapely head, she glories in the new coiffure and adds a piquant charm by putting a rose just back of her left ear. But if she has lost the bloom of youth she experiments with it in the seclusion of her own room, and decides that it is not nearly so smart as the old way of perching the hair high on the crown of the head. Another point against the low coiffure is its untidy appearance, unless great care is shown in its construction, and even then it very soon has a disheveled look, as it must be arranged loosely to have any style. For full evening dress it has decided advantages, provided of course that it is becoming, as it sort of dresses the shoulders, but with high-necked gowns nothing could be more undesirable. Women with long hair dress it in puffs or a low soft coil, while for shorter tresses there is the simple style of turning it up once and tying it with a bow of ribbon. Part the hair at one side in front and give it that fluffed-out appearance in the center of the brow.

GIRL'S BOX-PLAITED FROCK.

This is a simple and serviceable design suitable for school or more dressy wear, according to material selected. The long body is joined to the skirt under a belt and fastens at the back. The square-cut neck is effective, but the plaits can run to the collar if preferred. A one-piece sleeve is used with a band at the hand, and a fitted lining is given. Silk, woolen and cotton fabrics will be found equally desirable.

PUT YOUR BOA ENDS IN THE BACK.

If you would be fashionable, readjust your fur necklet, commands one of the foreign chroniclers of the modes. No longer be content to have long tails dropping down in front while the back of your coat is left in barren plainness, says the Philadelphia Times. Sacrifice rather the front ends to supply the demand that at least two long busby tails hang downward from the center back of the necklet. Bunches of beautiful lace are arranged to reach up to the ears on either side, and occasionally on this new ruffle, boa or necklet the lack of more fur asks for extra profusion of lace in front. The tailor-made girl has an opportunity for back decoration, too. Her coat takes stole-like bands of embroidered silk with mitered and tasselled ends just laid over each shoulder.

OUR COOKING SCHOOL.

Banana Saute on Toast.

Peel, cut each once lengthwise and crosswise; use three or four bananas; brown in hot butter, adding a light sprinkling of salt and cook until soft all through, turning once. Serve on slices of delicately toasted bread (softened if so desired).

Savory Wafers.

Pound together in a mortar one tablespoon of butter, two ounces of Roquefort cheese, one saltspoon of salt, one heaping saltspoon of paprika and sufficient tarragon vinegar to mix all to a paste. Spread over Zephyr crackers and arrange on a pretty plate.

Cheese Cakes.

Sift a cup and a half of cottage cheese; add one-third of a cup of sugar, four tablespoons of cream, one tablespoon of melted butter, the grated rind and juice of a lemon and three beaten eggs; beat until smooth. Bake in small heart-shaped tins lined with pastry until the mixture is well puffed. Serve when partly cooled with some kind of preserved fruit.

Oyster Fritters.

Cook a good pint of large oysters gently in their own liquor for three or four minutes, then bread them and dip into rather a thick batter, such as has been given often, seasoned extra with a bit of grated lemon rind. Fry in deep boiling fat till a golden color; drain thoroughly in front of the fire and serve with a sprinkling of fine white pepper and salt; any salad that is relished comes in nicely.

THE LEGION OF HONOR

AN AMERICAN TELLS WHY HE WAS DECORATED.

The Remarkable Business Established by Charles T. Schoen of Pittsburg—His Railroad Inventions the Cause of the High Tribute to Genius.

(Special Letter.)

Charles T. Schoen, formerly president of a pressed steel car company, of Pittsburg, has recently been made a chevalier of the Legion of Honor by the French government. To celebrate this honor a diner was given him at the Union League club, in Philadelphia, the other evening, at which many prominent men were present. Mr. Schoen explained why the decoration was conferred on him.

"It is the custom of the French authorities," said Mr. Schoen, "to request those whom they propose to decorate to write what is called in France a dossier. In the dossier you are asked what you have done, and in answer to this query I stated that I had taken out nearly 300 patents, mainly on railway equipment. I had also built up a business the like of which had never existed before—the pressing of steel plates in shapes to take the place of castings. For example, take the high hat I am

CHARLES T. SCHOEN.

wearing; to reproduce it formerly in metal casting would have had to be made. Today we could make you a metallic counterpart of it out of pressed steel. I worked out the problem of using pressed steel so as to apply it to the various parts of cars where castings were used, the idea governing me in my experiments being to use pressed steel plates wherever possible in place of cast iron. Pressed steel has about three times the strength that cast iron possesses. Therefore, pressed steel of one-third the weight could be used to replace the cast iron, and the same strength would be insured.

"When you replace cast iron with one-third of the weight of cast iron on vehicles of transportation which require power to move them," continued Mr. Schoen, "the saving of excess weight is of greatest value. It is, too, a continuous saving that lasts throughout the entire life of the vehicle. I succeeded so admirably in my efforts to substitute pressed steel in the various parts of cars where cast iron had been formerly used that I determined to go still further and so I designed and exploited a car made entirely of pressed steel. This car supplied a long felt want, and has achieved a remarkable popularity. Four years ago there was not a single car of this character in existence. Today we have 17,000 cars upon our order books, and during this period our business has increased from $400,000 or $500,000 to over $22,000,000. I made up a dossier covering these facts and this it was, together with our exhibit at the fair, that caused the French authorities to decorate me with the cross of the Legion of Honor. I was privately informed that out of the 6,000 exhibitors my name stood second on the list."

THE BEST REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Quick Relief From Pain.

All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago, I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co., druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for rheumatism in the market." For sale by all druggists.

The Warlike Japs.

Japan has of late years greatly increased her cavalry, and still more recently added nearly 40 field batteries to her artillery, and as the country itself produces practically no horses suitable for this purpose, the necessity for importing them is urgent.

BEST WAY TO CURE BACKACHE.

Backaches are caused by disorder in the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure will make the kidneys right. Take no substitute.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

A Chewing Tobacco with a Conscience behind it—

Wetmore's Best

—A CHEWER'S PHILOSOPHY.

Wetmore's Best is made in the largest independent factory in America, by men who study and respect the wants of mankind. Wetmore's Best Chewing Tobacco is made on the principle that a man's chewing tobacco should be prepared as cleanly and carefully as his food. One chew will convince you. No premiums are offered. *It's all in the quality.* Ask the dealer for it.

M. C. WETMORE TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Clover Seed.

Clover seed is now in the market, and the forehanded farmer will soon be making his purchases for the spring seeding. In this connection some figures sent out by the Vermont experiment station will be interesting. Out of many samples of clover seed bought last year in Vermont markets and examined by the Experiment station, 61 per cent were below the official standard of purity. Some samples were seriously off color. This is a bad showing and calculated to make the farmer scratch his head and think.

The worst feature of the case is that what is not clover seed is apt to be largely weed seed. Some of the worst weeds which the farmer has to fight are bought at the store in the package with the clover seed, and cost him $6 a bushel. There may be thousands of weed seeds in every pound. One sample sold in Vermont last year contained the enormous number of 59,310 weed seeds to every pound of clover seed! The weeds most commonly purchased in this way are green fox-tail, pigweed, redstem plantain, smartweed, English plantain, sheep sorrel, and curled dock. The only way to be sure of getting good clover seed is to examine it with a magnifying glass. One can see most of the weed seeds with a small hand lens. Or a sample may be sent to the Experiment station, where such things are examined free, as far as possible.

Smartness enables a man to catch on and wisdom enables him to let go.

GIVEN UP TO DIE WITH CROUP.

Mrs. P. L. Cordier of Manningtown, Ky., writes:

"My three year old girl had a severe case of croup, the doctor said she could not live and I gave her up to die. I went to the store and got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Liberal to Call a White a Negro.

To call a white man a "negro" in Louisiana constitutes a libel, under a recent decision of the supreme court of that state. In the case decided the plaintiff is a Methodist minister, who, by mistake, was referred to as a "negro" in an article published by the defendant. He brought suit for libel for $5,000 and obtained a verdict of $50, which was sustained by the supreme court. The mistake was made by the operator of a telegraph company in sending the words "cultured gentleman," as "colored gentleman," which words were changed by the proofreader of the defendant into "negro." The newspaper correspondent who sent the dispatch had intended to compliment the minister, and referred to him in the original telegram as a "cultured gentleman," and said that "his arguments * * * were eloquently presented." The supreme court held that the libel had been committed, for which, on the facts in this case, actual damages could not be recovered, but for which exemplary damages could be obtained.

HE KEPT HIS LEG.

Twelve years ago, J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, "but," he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 1½ boxes of Bucklen's Arnica salve and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. H. F. Vortkamp will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents.

Street Begging and Long Skirts.

A street beggar is thus quoted by a Philadelphia paper: "Strange as it may seem, the trailing skirts that women are now wearing have almost ruined our business. That sounds queer, doesn't it? One not acquainted with our business might fail to see the connection between professional begging and women's skirts. And yet what I say is true: The greater part of our revenue ordinarily comes from women but since they've taken to these long skirts for street wear they are forced to hold them up, and that keeps one hand constantly occupied. It takes two hands to open a purse and I have often seen women stop as though about to give something, but this would necessitate letting go of the skirt, and they have passed on again. Yes, we have to study all these things. The trailing skirt has already driven a lot of us out of the business."

TIS EASY TO FEEL GOOD.

Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. Kink's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken. Only 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

Launches at Pan-American.

It is a matter of history that about 1833 Jacobi built an electric motor with which he operated a boat in the navigation of the Neva river, at St. Petersburg. That was nearly three score and ten years ago, but despite this fact the electric launch of the present day is an object of curiosity. It is only within a few years that the electric launch has been brought to its present high state of perfection. All of the launches on the canals of the Pan-American Exposition will be run by electricity, a special storage battery plant being installed for their service.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Nine British Field Marshals.

Until the German emperor was made a field marshal, no one but King Edward VII. himself was both a field marshal of the British army and an admiral of the British navy. The number of British field marshals is now nine. They are the king, the German emperor, the duke of Cambridge, Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, Lord Roberts, Lord Wolseley, Sir Linton Simmons, Sir Frederick Haines, and Sir Neville Chamberlain. The admirals of the fleet are the king, the German emperor, Sir Henry Keppel, the earl of Clanwilliam, Sir Algernon Lyons, Sir Frederick Richards and Sir Nowell Salmon.

A TESTIMONIAL FROM OLD ENGLAND.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." Sold by all druggists.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DRIVE AWAY THE BLUE DEVILS

SIMMS LIVER PILLS

These little pills cure that distressed "half sick" feeling and greatly improve your general health, besides promptly curing constipation, torpidity of the liver, irregularity of the bowels, foul breath, lassitude and sallow or blotched complexions. Your druggists sell 40of Simms Pills for 10c, or the Simms Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., will send them. C196

40 PILLS 10c

THE INDIAN'S PAINT.

very Mark on His Face Has a Meaning Plain to Other Red Men.

The fact of the matter is that every aint mark on an Indian's face is a gn with definite meaning which ther Indians may read. When an ndian puts on his full war paint, he ecks himself not only with his own ndividual honors and distinctions on by his own bravery, but also with ie special honors of his family or ribe. He may possess one mark of istinction only, or many; in fact, he ay be so well off in this respect that, ke some English noblemen, he is ble to don a new distinction for very occasion. Sometimes he will ear all his honors at one time.

Among the Indian tribes is one esignated by the symbol of the dog sh, painted in red on the face. The arious parts of the fish are scattered eterogeneously on the surface of the ace: the peculiar long snout is ainted on the forehead, the gills are epresented by two curved lines beow the eyes, while the tail is shown s cut in two, and hanging from ither nostril. When only one or two arts of an animal are painted on a ian's face, it is an indication of inriority; when the whole animal apears, even though in many oddly ssorted parts, the sign is one of reat value and indicates a high ank.

Very peculiar are some of the honrable symbols painted on the Inians' faces. They are fish, flesh and owl of all kinds—dog salmon, devil sh, star fish, woodpeckers, eagles, avens, wolfs, bears, sea lions and sea ionsters, mosquitoes, frogs, mounain goats and all manner of foot, law or beak marks—each with a pecial meaning of its own.

THE MOST STUBBORN COUGHS

esulting from attack of lagrippe or eavy cold, must yield to the wonderful ealing properties of Foley's Honey nd Tar which strengthens the lungs nd makes them sound.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and orth streets.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 1059.

x. Doc. 13. Page 219.

lubala Coon, Plaintiff, vs. ruce Grech et al., Defendants. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from ie Court of Common Pleas, of Allen ounty, Ohio, and to me directed, I will ofr for sale at the east door of the Court louse in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 20th, A. D. 1901.

etween the hours of one o'clock and four 'clock p. m., the following described lands nd tenements, situate in the City of Lima, llen County, State of Ohio, and described s follows, to wit:

The undivided one-half (½) of the followig described premises, situate in the City f Lima, County of Allen and State of Ohio, o-wit: Being a part of inlots numbers wenty-eight hundred and forty-one and wenty-eight hundred and forty-two (2841 nd 2842) in Climer's addition to the city of ima, Ohio, and more particularly deribed as follows: Beginning at a point irty (30) feet west of the south east corner f inlot number twenty-eight hundred and orty-two (2842) on the north line of Albert treet; thence north one hundred and six 106) feet to the north line of said inlot umber twenty-eight hundred and fortyne (2841); thence west along the said north ne of said lot thirty (30) feet; thence south ne hundred and six (106) feet to the north ne of Albert street; thence east on said outh line thirty (30) feet to the place of eginning, the same being situated on the orth side of Albert street, between Pine treet and Madison avenue, house No. 511.

Appraised at $300.00.

Terms of sale cash

E. A. BOGART, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, March 18th, 1901.

RIDENOUR & HALFHILL, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 10561.

x. Doc. 2. Page 459.

izzie E. Metzger, Plaintiff, vs. fortimer Bradrick et al, Defendant } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of a writ of sale, issued from the ourt of Common Pleas, of Allen County, hio, and to me directed, I will offer for or sale at the east door of the Court House Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 20th, A. D. 1901,

etween the hours of one o'clock and four 'clock p. m., the following described lands nd tenements, situate in the City of Lima, llen County, State of Ohio, and described s follows, to-wit:

Being the north part of inlot number orty-nine hundred and forty-six (No. 4946) nd more particularly described as follows, o-wit: Commencing at the northeast corer of said inlot number forty-nine hundred nd forty-six (No. 4946); thence south along ast line of said lot seventy-seven (77) feet; hence west fifty (50) feet to the west line of aid lot; thence north one hundred and ineteen (119) feet to Bellefontaine avenue; hence in a southeasterly direction sixtyve (65) feet to the place of beginning, and eing Jacobs sixth addition to the City of ima, Ohio, and located on Bellefontaine venue between Sugar and Oak streets, at he sum of twenty-three hundred and hirty-three ($2333.00) Dollars.

Appraised at $2333.00.

Terms of sale cash.

E. A. BOGART, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, March 16th, 1901.

T. R. HAMILTON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

A GRAND OLD MAN.

HON. FREDERICK HOLBROOK OF VERMONT.

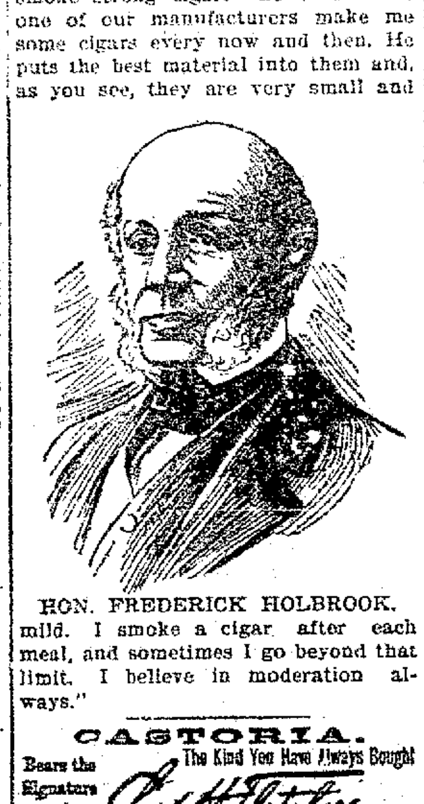
War Governor Who Is Now 88 Years Old — He Recently Celebrated the Eighty-Eighth Anniversary of His Birth.

Sound in health, his mental vigor unimpaired, Frederick Holbrook, war Governor of Vermont, celebrated the 88th anniversary of his birth at his home in Brattleboro the other day. Gov. Holbrook is one of the grand old men of the nation. He is probably the oldest ex-Governor in the country and one of the few survivors among those men who were at the head of State governments during the civil strife.

Gov. Holbrook was born in Connecticut, but his parents went to the Green Mountain State when he was a mere boy, locating at Brattleboro, where his father was engaged in various lines of trade and manufacture and was one of the foremost citizens. He attended the Berkshire gymnasium at Pittsfield. As a young man he was elected captain of a militia company, which did not conform to military standards of dress, but appeared in all sorts of apparel, some in straw hats, some in caps, some in stovepipes, others in shirtsleeves and some in linen dusters. It was a motley aggregation, but its discipline was good and it did not reflect discreditably on its commander. At 21 Holbrook married and soon thereafter took up agriculture as his vocation. He applied himself to a scientific study of farm work and, by writing for various farm journals throughout the State, he attracted attention to himself. His writings were read far and wide and had much to do with his introduction to public life. When he went to the State Senate in 1849, he was not a total stranger to the people of his State and before he had been there long they knew him as one of the stanchest men in that body. The following year he was re-elected. In 1850 he was made president of the Vermont State Agricultural Society which had just been organized and he remained at its head 10 years. In 1860 he was elected Governor and served four years. He was one of Lincoln's most loyal supporters and it was upon his suggestion that the martyr President called for 300,000 volunteers in 1862. The same year the Governor secured the establishment of a military hospital at Brattleboro and invalid soldiers were sent there from the southern battlefields. At one time as many as 2,000 sick soldiers were being cared for in the buildings and in tents.

At the close of his second term Gov. Holbrook resumed his agricultural pursuits. He had a genius for inventing mechanical implements and improving on those already made. A firm in Boston kept him almost constantly employed. How the Governor is spending his old age may be gathered from the following:

"I am happy and contented. I try to make myself useful. I walk several miles every pleasant day. I attend to my correspondence. I do my own writing. I read aloud several hours daily, largely from the poets and works of imagination. This tends to prevent introspection when one is old. I try to be a young old man. I've been smoking ever since I was 15 years old, and you see I'm alive yet. I enjoy the weed. I don't smoke strong cigars now. I have one of our manufacturers make me some cigars every now and then. He puts the best material into them and, as you see, they are very small and



HON. FREDERICK HOLBROOK.

mild. I smoke a cigar after each meal, and sometimes I go beyond that limit. I believe in moderation always."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

TAPE WORMS

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."

GEO. W. BOWLES, Baird, Miss.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 313

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

CAMPFIRE SKETCHES.

SOME SHORT STORIES FOR THE VETERANS.

Grand Army Men Already Engaging Headquarters at Cleveland for the Next Encampment—How News of Lincoln's Death Shocked the Guerillas.

When John's Away.

His pipe is cold upon the shelf,
His jolly dog's alone astray;
The house is quite unlike itself
When John's away.

We miss his whistle on the stair,
We miss the turning of his key,
His cheery mandolin's favorite air,
His company.

And when his cheery letters come
We seem to read between the lines
A wistful yearning for his home
Our love divines.

Oh! army blue that shines so bright,
Oh! army blue that looks so warm,
It folds full many a heartache tight,
That uniform.

—Harper's Weekly.

Quarters for G. A. R. Men.

Indiana was the first state to engage headquarters at Cleveland for the next encampment of the Grand Army. Captain W. H. Armstrong, who is a member of the executive committee of the national council of administration, returned to Indianapolis the other day from the meeting of the committee in Cleveland. Department Commander Beem and Adjutant-General Smock of the Indiana department went with the committee, and as soon as the national arrangements were completed they made the arrangements for this department. The officers were met by committees from all organizations in Cleveland, who asked them to designate what will be required. Cleveland had anticipated entertaining about 200,000 people, but the committee said a conservative estimate will be 300,000. The city will raise $75,000 for entertainment, and the parade will be about two miles long, along Euclid avenue, from Case avenue to Erie street, which is that portion of the famous avenue not traversed by cars, and on which are the most palatial residences. All halls will be engaged by the city and the national headquarters will be at the Hollenden, where seventeen rooms have been engaged. The Indiana headquarters for the W. R. C. of Indiana will also be at the Hollenden and the rooms have been engaged. All the schoolhouses in the city have been tendered, and the school council held a special meeting, at which formal action to that end was taken. One of the committee of Cleveland men to make arrangements is Captain Kendal, who was a member of Captain Armstrong's regiment, and whom he had not seen since 1866. Neither recognized the other.—Indianapolis News.

Shocked the Guerrillas.

In McClure's Magazine there is an interesting account, from the recollections of Stephen Mallory, of the way in which Jefferson Davis received the report of Lincoln's assassination. This reminds a former resident of a southern state of the following reminiscence given to him by a veteran of the famous Morgan's guerrillas. John Hunt Morgan, the organizer and inspiring personality of the corps, had been killed long before Lee had surrendered, and only a handful of the once redoubtable raiders was keeping up a semblance of resistance to the Union. A group of these was bivouacked in the woods not far from a small town in the interior of Kentucky, waiting for much-needed supplies and such information as might be brought by one of the number who had gone unarmed into the town on a combined scouting and foraging expedition. It was late when the forager's signal was heard, and one of the party around the smoky fire made haste to meet him. When the two men appeared the others at once saw that they had grave news to tell. The guerilla captain asked, "Well, what has happened?" "Abe Lincoln has been shot." "Dead?" "Yes. Night before last." There was an interval of silence, and then the leader groaned, rather than said: "Good God! What will become of the south now?" The ex-guerilla who told the story said that not even himself—and he was the youngest and most thoughtless of the party—could find an answer to that question, which was more disquieting than anything he had thought of since the death of Morgan.

Cuban Boy Gets New Home.

Cecil Benjamin, a diminutive Cuban boy who came into frequent contact with Colonel Roosevelt and General Shafter during the Cuban campaign and reached Chicago as the mascot of the returning Eighth regiment of Illinois volunteers, amused Judge Tuthill and the officers and spectators of the juvenile court yesterday afternoon, says the Chicago Chronicle. The little boy, who is so black that his complexion has a blue tinge, stood on the witness stand close beside the judge and with numerous nods and long-drawn "Yes, sahs," told why the northern climate does not agree with him. He speaks both English and Spanish. During the war in Cuba he was picked up by Stephen Crane and for a time was valet to the war correspondent. After coming to Chicago he was sent to the John Worthy school for stealing a watch. Later some ladies saw him there and secured his transfer to the school at Glenwood. During the recent conference of juvenile charities at Evanston Dr. Murry, pastor of the Bethel Methodist church, became interested in the boy and gave him a home at the parsonage. He ran away from there last month because Mrs. Murry would not allow him to wear a pair of new gloves while sweeping the snow from the sidewalk. B. B. Lewis of 156 Twenty-second street was in court ready to take the boy if the court would permit him to. Judge Tuthill said the young Cuban was the brightest boy who had been in the juvenile court for several months. He was sent home with Lewis in charge of Probation Officer Bonner of South Chicago.

The Birth of "Spigoty."

The new words arising from the mixture of American and Spanish in our new possessions may call, shortly, for new editions of our dictionaries. The story of one such word, "spigoty," has been traced by a writer in the Boston Transcript. Spigoty, according to one version, was the nickname given by troopers in the Second cavalry—stationed at Fort Riley, Kansas, in 1896—to a sallow-complexioned company man who admired an Italian girl called "Spaghetti." At the outbreak of the war these soldiers, together with their comrade "Spigoty," were transferred to Company A of the signal corps. After a stay at Chickamauga this company was sent to Porto Rico with General Miles' expedition, landed at Ponce and encamped later at Guayama. Here the men discovered that the natives themselves were of the same hue as "Spigoty," and in the course of time they therefore dubbed them "Spigoties." Soon the nickname spread, not only in Guayama, but throughout the province, and at last to every town on the island, till now the word has become a common means both of designating residents of Spanish or Porto Rican blood and describing everything characteristic of them, such as a "spigoty" hat, a "spigoty" dollar or a "spigoty" trick. Indeed, the Americans now ask one another: "Do you talk spigoty?" or "Can you dance spigoty?" Roadbuilders order, "Shovel in more dirt there, Spigoty"; housewives say, "Some more bread, please, Spigoty," and even the natives themselves, when in need of an expression of contempt for a fellow being, now cry "Spigoty."

Run for the "Grand Prize."

"There wasn't much hazing at the naval academy when I was there," said Captain Carpenter of the marine corps, "although once in awhile some funny thing was done. I remember one night when all the men in our dormitory were called out into an upper corridor to see what the announcer said was to be 'the grand prize.' Four big plebes were led out, on their hands and knees and stark naked except for towels laid across their backs for saddles. They were the thoroughbred horses," quotes the New York World. "Then came four small plebes, dressed in undershirts, drawers and caps, and wearing bright ribbon sashes. These were the jockeys. Each had a hairbrush for a whip. Then came four upper classmen as owners and four more as trainers. The little plebes were mounted on the big plebes and all the preliminaries of a running horse race were gone through. The owners instructed the jockeys to use the whips liberally and go out to win, and the trainers forced the horses to act up at the post. Finally the race was started and the four big plebes scrambled down the corridor, the little plebe jockeys entering into the spirit of the thing and whaling away for dear life with the hair brushes. A big chap from Arkansas won, and he was afterward known as 'The Thoroughbred.'"

Curiosities of Courage.

One of the most interesting articles in Everybody's Magazine is "Curiosities of Courage," by Richard Harding Davis. It is a subject this clever writer has thought much about and his experiences in five campaigns have furnished him material of no common order to draw upon for instances and examples. "In the five campaigns I have watched," he says, "I have seen but one man who was obviously terrified, so terrified that he did not even endeavor to conceal the fact. I have seen men skulk and hang back, but I have only seen this one man show that he was a coward. Of course, to say that all men are brave is not saying that the degrees of bravery are many and various. All men can talk, but some men can talk better than others, and they are called orators. The orators among brave men are those who by some individual exhibition of courage, coolness or nerve, illuminate an entire battlefield, or at least inspire and set an example to a regiment."

Captain Didn't Scare Sultan.

Captain S. E. Smiley, who was credited with the story that General Bates used a phonograph to scare the sultan of Sulu into signing a treaty with the United States, writes to the Army and Navy Journal to say that he never made any such statement. Negotiations looking to an agreement, Captain Smiley states, were conducted at the governor's house in Jolo and the sultan's house in Maibun, not on board the cruiser Charleston. When the sultan visited the Charleston a phonograph was shown him, and he was greatly delighted with it, but his listening to the phonograph and his talking into it had no relation whatever to the signing of the agreement between General Bates and himself. Captain Smiley says it is unfair to General Bates and to the government to ascribe the signing of the agreement to any trick, artifice or device, because all the negotiations were fair, square, open and above board.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

It is not good to dine when in a state of mental or physical weakness.

HE WANTED A DIVORCE.

From the Kansas City Star: "Where's the judge that gives out divorces?"

A negro woman asked this today of the elevator men in the courthouse. A negro man, her husband was with her.

"Do you want a divorce?" inquired the elevator man.

"Yes, sah. We's done 'greed to git divo'ced, an' Will, my man here, has done 'greed to give the jedge power to divo'ce me."

"You'll have to bring a suit first. The judge can't divorce you till you have filed a suit," the elevator man said.

"How much does that cost?"

"Well, the lawyer and all will cost about $15 or $20."

"Shaw, man! Yo' suttenly don't mean it. Why, it only cost us $2 to get mah'd. Um'm'm! Fifteen dollars. It suttenly do cost a lot. Say, mistah, why does it cost more to git divo'ced than to git mah'd?"

"Don't know, I'm sure, but that's a fact."

"An' can't the jedge give her a divo'ce if I give him the power?" asked the husband.

"No—got to have a suit first."

"Um'm'," they both groaned in chorus. Then the woman said:

"I'se got a right to a divorce. Will's bin mean as pizen to me. S'pose if I tell the jedge that he'll take it up?"

"Look here, woman," interrupted the husband, "don't you get too smart 'bout this yere divoc'e or I'll fight it. You know I'se been a good nigger to you. I done consent to give the judge power to divo'ce you 'cause you got yo' mind sot on cuttin' loose. But don't go to settin' up for a angel 'longside o' me or I'll fight it sho."

As they left the courthouse together she said:

"Don't see how I'se goin' to raise $15 for that divo'ce."

JOB COULDN'T HAVE STOOD IT

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions its the best salve in the world. Price 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp.

NO CHANCE.

"There seems to be some disposition," said the statesman, "to insist that a man who goes to the United States senate shall be poor all his days."

"I never heard of such a disposition."

"Yes, perhaps you have unconsciously voiced it. If a man is rich before he goes to the senate the gossips say all manner of unkind things, and if he gets rich after he goes to the senate—the gossips still say all manner of unkind things."—Washington Star.

NOTICE FOR PAROLE.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Hall, a prisoner now confined in the Ohio State Reformatory, has been recommended to the Board by the Superintendent and Chaplin as worthy of consideration for parole or discharge.

Said application will be for hearing on and after April 16, 1901. 3013w*

NICE FOR THE TORTOISE.

"Now, Mary," said a mistress to her newly imported maid, "in the kitchen there is a pet tortoise and I hope you will be very kind to it. Do you know a tortoise when you see one?"

"No, mum, shure and what loike is it?"

After having explained it to her the girl went and brought it forth.

"Is that it, mum?"

"Yes."

"Shure, that is what Oi was using to break the coals wid."—London Answers.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Great Question.

Just now the great question is, are we a vacci-nation?—Boston Transcript.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

is good for the children—they know it. Cures any cough. No fuss about it. Tired and worrying mothers have known about Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for over 50 years. Sore lungs and raw throats get well and stay well. It is good for delicate babies or strong men—it *cures.* Don't experiment—get a Doctor's prescription—get **Dr. Bull's** Cough Syrup

Refuse Substitutes.

A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Sick Headache. Trial, 20 for 5 cents, at dealers or by mail.

Omega Oil

It is the safest thing a mother can rub on her little boy or girl for a sprain, bruise, sore throat or cold in the chest. Please remember this, mothers, and always have a bottle of Omega Oil in the house. It will cure the aches and pains of the entire family, and relieve a great amount of suffering every year. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

If your dealer refuses to supply you with this wonderful Swiss green liniment, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle prepaid for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 717

Omego Oil sold at The Enterprise Drug Store.

COMING The chief consulting and examining physician of the France Medical Institute Co., by request, will visit

. . LIMA . .

And can be consulted at their Private Rooms at the

Lima House, Tuesday, April 30.

From 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

BLOOD POISON, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE

and Diseases of Men and Women Positively Cured by THE FRANCE TREATMENT.

THE FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 38-40 West Gay St., Columbus, Ohio. One Block North of the State House.

Established 1866. Largest Practice and Most Complete Institute of its kind in U. S. Our record of wonderful cures is second to none. During the past 20 years we have successfully treated thousands of cases. Our practice extends not only throughout the United States, Canada, and Mexico, but also includes many foreign countries. Our long experience, remarkable skill, and universal success for the past 20 years in Ohio, entitle us to the full confidence of the afflicted. The celebrated France Treatment is acknowledged by many, including prominent physicians, as being the most complete and successful treatment known to the medical world, for diseases of men and women. **Wonderful Cures Effected in old cases which have been unskillfully treated.** Our success is indicated by cures effected. Testimonials sent us by physicians and patients is positive proof. **References** — We can refer you to the First National Bank, or any bank or reputable business house in Columbus, Ohio; besides any reliable mercantile agency can be consulted as to our financial standing.

NO MONEY REQUIRED OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES TO COMMENCE TREATMENT.

WHAT WE TREAT. We positively cure all curable diseases of the Stomach and Bowels, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Diarrhoea; Eye and Ear Diseases; Deformities and Surgical Diseases; Chronic and Desperate Rheumatic, Heart and Liver Diseases; Blood and Skin Diseases, such as Scrofula, Ulcers, Eczema, Pimples, Freckles, etc.; Female Diseases, especially those which have baffled the skill of other physicians. Epileptic Fits, Rupture permanently cured by a new, scientific method. Brain, Spinal and Nervous Diseases, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Headache, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Nervous Exhaustion, and Spinal Irritation. Cancer cured without the use of a knife. Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Bladder, Enlarged Prostate, frequent and dribbling Urination, etc. Throat, Lung and Nasal Diseases, such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Deafness, etc., cured by our original system of home treatment.

It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES.—A perfect cure guaranteed in all curable cases. Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Effects of Youthful Indiscretion and Sexual Excesses, Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Loss of Memory and Energy, Impotency, etc., quickly and permanently cured by an original treatment. Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele, and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Curable cases guaranteed when others have failed. Low charges; consultation free.

The France System of Local Treatment with Medicated Pad for Men is positively the most complete and successful known for Varicocele and Stricture, also weak and undeveloped organs.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—After years of experience, there has been discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by a new method. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. Consultation and correspondence free and strictly confidential.

OUR MEDICATED BOUGIE NEVER FAILS TO CURE.

THE FRANCE URETHRAL TREATMENT is a medicated Bougie for the cure of Stricture and all forms of Diseases of the Bladder, Urethra, and Prostate Gland. The Bougies are inserted into the urethral canal upon retiring at night, and slip into position without the slightest effort, requiring a short time to dissolve. They act like a mild electric current, invigorating and imparting vim and snap to the entire body. The curative effect is felt from the first application. Our special treatment completely dissolves the Stricture and permanently removes obstructions from the urinary passage.

Treatment by Correspondence. Each person applying for Medical Treatment should bring or send from two to four ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination. We have cured thousands of cases we have never seen. Write for book of 100 pages and list of 500 questions. Correspondence, Consultation and Examination free and strictly confidential. No names published without the written consent of the patient. Treatment sent by mail or express to any part of the United States.

Call on or Address The France Medical Institute Co., 38 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, North East Corner Main and North Sts.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

HAND

Of Death Had Visited the Home

And Sadness

Awaited the Arrival of the Husband.

Heart Trouble Causes Sudden Death to Mrs. Samuel Williams.

Miss Dealia Turner, of East Market Dies from Lung Trouble—Death of Mrs. Sarah Irwin and Goldie Sisk.

The angel of death visited the home of Samuel W. Williams at 739 west Wayne street, very suddenly and unexpectedly Saturday evening, Mrs. Williams passing from mortal life about 5 o'clock, a victim of heart trouble. She was alone at the house when stricken by the fatal attack and her life had fled when her husband arrived from his day's work at the works of the Lima Locomotive & Machine Co.

Finding the doors locked upon return home, Mr. Williams made inquiry at the homes of neighbors and learned that Mrs. Williams had been out calling but had gone home about 4 o'clock or a little later. Returning to his own home again Mr. Williams found a key sticking in the lock in one of the doors, he entered the house and found the form of his wife lying upon the floor beside a couch. Her body was still warm but to all appearances was lifeless. He summoned physicians but efforts to resuscitate the aged lady were useless.

Mrs. Williams was born at Mt. Pleasant, O., and lived to the age of 77 years. Her maiden name was Rebecca Worrall and she was twice married, her first husband being Prof. Bundy. To them were born two children, who survive them, Mrs. Ada Penrose, of Delaware and Elwood Bundy, of Huntington, W. Va. Mrs. Williams is also survived by, in addition to her second husband, an adopted daughter, living at St. Paul, Kas., a brother at Quaker City, O., and a brother at Chester Hill, O.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams came to this city in 1894 and the former, being the inventor of the self-lifting elevator, has formed an exteneded acquaintance in the city. During the past year he has been employed at the Lima Machine Works. He has one son in this city—Mortimer Williams, of west Kibby street. He has one daughter living at Wheeling, W. Va., and another residing at Martin's Ferry. Mrs. Williams had not been in ill health recently although she had suffered previous attacks of heart trouble.

Funeral services will be held at the residence, 739 west Wayne street, at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

Miss Deal Turner.

Miss Delia Turner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Turner, of 516 east Market street, died at 6 o'clock Sunday morning, death resulting from lung trouble, after an illness of eleven weeks duration. The deceased was born at West Newton, O., and lived to the age of 31 years.

Funeral services will be held over the remains at the Turner residence at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning The services will be conducted by Rev. Deere.

Mrs. Sarah Irwin.

Mrs. Sarah V. Irwin, wife of Henry Irwin, a prominent resident of Sugar Creek township, died at their home six miles north west of this city, at 2:35 o'clock Saturday afternoon, lung trouble causing her demise after an illness of four month's duration. The deceased was aged 49 years, 4 months and twenty days and had been a life long resident of Allen county.

Funeral cortege left the residence at 1 o'clock this afternoon and services were conducted at Wesley chapel by Rev. A. E. Weaver. Interment was made in Wesley chapel cemetery.

Goldie Sisk.

Goldie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Sisk, of 202 east Vine street, died from brain fever at 12:30 o'clock Sunday morning, death terminating an illness from which the beloved child had suffered for two weeks. The deceased was born at Liberty, O., and died at the age of 8 years and 13 days. The funeral will be held from the south side church of Christ at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning. The services will be conducted by Rev. Clarence Mitchell and interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

FORMER

Lima Man Dies at His Late Home in Columbus, O.

L. J. Beard, Late of the Western & Southern Co., Claimed in the Harvest of the Grim Reaper.

Information has been received here concerning the death of Lowry J. Beard, who died at his late home at 266 east Rich street, in Columbus, O., last week. The deceased was born at Lexington, Ky., and lived to the age of 44 years. He was a son of the late captain and Mrs. Rebecca Beard, and is survived by his wife, who is now living in Columbus. Mr. Beard was located in this city for a number of years, during which time he was employed by the Western and Southern Insurance Co. After removing to Columbus he was employed by the Ohio Debenture Co. Mrs. Beard's many friends here will be pained to learn of her husband's death.

THRILLING

Rescue of an Injured Brakeman.

Patrick Connelly Had a Close Call at Delphos,

Being Dragged from the Rails Just as a Pennsylvania Train Bore Down Upon Him.

Patrick Connelly, a brakeman on the Clover Leaf, had an experience early Saturday morning that he will never forget, and that he is alive today is due to the merest incident. In trying to catch the rear of the train, he lost his hold and was thrown violently to the ground, falling directly across the Pennsylvania tracks at the crossing of the two roads.

Connelly's escape from death was a narrow one in two respects. After being almost thrown under the wheels of the freight train he was left lying across one of the rails of the main tracks of the P., Ft. W. & C., in a dazed condition. The Clover Leaf train and the Penna. passenger train No. 15 whistled for the crossing at about the same time, but the Clover Leaf train passed first. As soon as it was over the crossing, night operator Harry Weining changed the interlocker, giving the passenger train the right of the crossing. The engineer at once started the engine and the train approached the crossing, Connelly's body still lying across the rails.

W. E. Floding had gone to the depot to meet his mother-in-law, Mrs. E. A. Parkinson, who was returning home from a visit at Mt. Pleasant, and was in the interlocker tower, looking out of the window as the Clover Leaf train passing. He saw the light of Brakeman Connelly's lantern but could not distinguish the man's form through the darkness. When he saw the lantern go down and extinguish, he devined that something had happened and at once ran down the stairway and to the crossing. In the glare of the headlight of the passenger engine Mr. Floding saw a man's form lying across a rail, with the passenger engine only a few yards away and bearing down on the brakeman. Connelly is a heavy man and made quite a load for Mr. Floding to handle, but he dragged him off the track as the engine was almost onto the crossing.

Connelly's left side seemed to have struck the ground, for his switch key in his left pocket cut quite a hole in his hip, his left side was bruised and a gash several inches long was cut in his forehead, which required four stitches to close.

The injured man was taken into the Beckman Hotel and from there to the Evans boarding house on east Second street, after his injuries had been examined by a surgeon. Mr. Connelly came to the Clover Leaf from Popular Bluffs. His father lives at Connersville, Ind.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A stated communication of Garrett Wykoff Lodge No. 585, F. & A. M. will be held Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock; important business.

W. K. BOONE, W. M.
E. H. JOHNS, Secy.

A stated conclave of Shawnee Commandery No. 14, K. T., will be held Tuesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock; important business.

F. A. ZIMMERMAN, E. C.
E. H. JOHNS, Rec.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

ONCE

More the Gusher is Found

In Texas Field

The Fifth One Drilled in Saturday.

The Pressure at the Well is Eighty-four Pound to the Square Inch.

The Entire Region is Wild With Excitement and Prices Have Gone Skyward. Number of Transfers.

A telegram from Beaumont, Texas, says:

The fifth oil gusher was struck here this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and it is a perfect well, splendidly finished, and was brought in without the loss of a barrel of oil save what was purposely turned loose. The well is on the Higgins Oil Company's land, located about 800 feet from the big gusher. The well is 1,044 feet deep, and when closed the pressure is 84 pounds to the square inch.

When the oil came this afternoon the workmen were prepared for it, and promptly closed the valve. The oil was later permitted to flow in a horizontal stream, and so strong was the flow that it tore an immense hole in the ground where it hit like a stream from the nozzle of a firehose four inches in diameter.

The town reached a climax in point of excitement today, and speculation in oil stock is fearfully excited. The streets tonight are thronged with people who are scarcely aware of their material existence. All the week long prospectors, capitalists and investors of every description have been pouring into the city, and today the excitement exceeded anything known here before. Real estate transfers for the week will exceed any record for a like period in the history of the country. It is safe to estimate the values represented in real estate deals this week will exceed the entire taxable value of the country six months ago. Hundreds of new rigs will go up next week.

Test Well at Delphos.

The eyes of hundreds of oil men are turned towards Delphos at present, watching developments occasioned by the drilling of a well at the Fisher and Haller stone quarry, in the western part of the town, in absolutely new territory. Mr. J. Hosler, representative of J. B. Perkins, of Cleveland, is on the new well with Fisher and Haller, and its finish is being anxiously awaited.

Notes.

The Nitro Glycerine Works, of America, particularly those employed in the Ohio and Indiana fields are holding a meeting at Fort Wayne today. The principal object of the gathering is said to be an adjustment of the wage scale.

Do you want to borrow money? If so, C. H. Folsom can furnish you money at the very lowest rate of interest and save you money.

MAGNIFICENT

Diamond Ring Presented to Ex-Sup't Townsend.

Was Surprised and Presented With the Token of Esteem by Electric Light Co.'s Employes.

Saturday evening, Ed. Townsend, late superintendent for the Lima Electric Railway & Light Co., after going to his home on west Wayne street, was visited by the employes of the company in force. The unexpected visitors took possession of the house and then Robert Downing, on behalf of his associates, in a neat address presented Mr. Townsend a magnificent diamond ring. Mr. Townsend was overcome with surprise, pleasure and appreciation, but recovered sufficiently to express his grateful feelings for the token of the esteem in which he is held by his former assistants. A splendid supper was served and the event was greatly enjoyed by all.

C. H. Folsom has many of the most desirable homes and vacant lots in the city for sale at low prices and easy payments.

FUNERAL

Of the Victim of Car Wheels Held This Morning.

Remains of Unfortunate Timothy O'Connell Consigned to Rest in Gethsemani Cemetery.

The funeral services over the remains of Timothy O'Connell, who was run down and fatally injured in the C. H. & D. yards last Thursday noon, were held at St. Rose church this morning at 8:30 o'clock. Rev. P. J. O'Connell, a brother of the deceased, of Cleveland, was the celebrant of the solemn requirm mass, assisted by Rev. A. E. Manning and Rev. J. B. Mooney. Six cousins of the departed one were the bearers of the pall. They were, John M. O'Connell, Thos. Lawlor, Harry Lawlor, Cornelius Callahan, Julius Callahan and Edward Moriarty. Present at the funeral from abroad were Rev. P. J. O'Connell, of Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. E. J. O'Connell and John O'Connell, of Hartford City, Ind., and Mike Keefe, of Cincinnati. The interment was made in Gethsemani cemetery.

PROGRAMME

At the Market Street Church was a Fine One

And the Large Audience was Excellently Entertained by Those Who Participated.

The Easter services held at the various churches yesterday and last night were never surpassed upon any previous occasions. All of the programs were published by the Times-Democrat Saturday and all were excellent and deserving of special mention. All of the churches were crowded to their utmost capacity during the hours that the special services were rendered and each audience was well entertained but those who seemed to be the most enthusiastic in their praise were those who attended the entertainment given by the Sunday school of the Market street Presbyterian church. The vocal and instrumental music rendered by those who participated was very fine and appropriate and the readings by Miss Robinson were exceptionally fine. Misses Taylor, Hughes and Watson and Job Taylor, who constituted the committee in charge of the arrangements are to be congratulated upon the magnificent success of the affair.

EMPLOYE

Of the Lima Ice Company Thrown from a Horse.

Charles Stewart, a driver for the Lima Ice and Coal company was thrown from a horse this morning, and painfully, but not seriously injured. An accident happened to the wagon and Stewart unhitched the horse and attempted to ride him back to the barn. The injured man was removed to his home in an ambulance but speedily recovered and will be all right again in a day or two.

ALARMING

Was the Condition of the Venerable Dr. Harper Yesterday.

The many friends of Dr. W. H. Harper will be grieved to learn that his condition is less favorable that it has been. Since his fall, some months ago, which resulted in the fracture of his leg, he has been in a serious condition, his advanced age preventing recruperation. Yesterday his condition was very critical. Today, however, he is somewhat easier. His daughter, Mrs. Annat, came in from her home in Wooster this morning, and his other daughter, Mrs. R. K. Lyphers, of Indianapolis, is expected to arrive this vening.

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

Shows the original Automatic Go-Cart made by Philadelphia Baby Carriage Co. We have' em. Their practical points will appeal to you.
NEUMAN KETTLER FURNITURE CO.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

KID GLOVES

Judges of good Gloves frankly admit that the best Gloves are those that are bought at this store. We give you the best that the price will buy and sell them to you with the condition that they should give you good service. If they do not, we ask the privilege to right the matter for you.

All the wanted colors here at $1.00, 1.25 and 1.50.
Suede Gloves in colors at $1.25, in black at $1.25, 1.50 and $1.75.
Misses' Kid Gloves in all the popular colors at $1.00 and 1.25.
Ladies' fine Silk Gloves with double finger tips at 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Children's Reefers and Military Capes.

Nobby Reefers at $1.25, 1.69, 1.98, 2.50, 2.98, 3.50 and up.

Pretty Military Capes at $1.98, 2.50 and 2.98.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.
SEPARATE DRESS SKIRTS.
RAINY DAY SKIRTS.
SILK WAISTS.
WASH SHIRT WAISTS.

Every garment of reliable manufacture, embellished with that touch of style and character that only the best makes are capable of. We take pride in every garment that leaves the department, giving you not only the best value possible but assuring you perfect fitting up-to-date apparel.

☞Special sale of the popular L'Aiglon Belts—extraordinary values at 39c, at 48c, at 69c, at 79c and 98c. Every one a big bargain.

Feldmann & Co
209-211 N. Main St.

ANOTHER

Good Man Secured by the Clover Leaf.

Geo. A. Long, Chief Yard Clerk of the C. H. & D. Leaves Toledo to Go to Charleston, Ill.

The Clover Leaf, if indebted to any other road in the country for good material to help bring it to the point of perfection aimed at by President Norton, owes its thanks to the C. H. & D. During the past few months perhaps a score of men in all braches of railroad life have gone from the C. H. & D. to accept an advance in position with the Clover Leaf, and in not a few instances has the loss been felt by the company which furnished the early training; and it is hard to tell just where it is going to stop.

Former Chief Clerk Zartman, who is now superintendent of the St. Louis division is doing his share in getting men who are advanced, and a resignation which came from George A. Louy at Toledo yesterday assures him of another good man, who has been chief yard clerk for the C. H. & D. at that point for a number of years.

Mr. Louy, who is a brother of Chief Dispatcher, John Louy, has been in a position to become thoroughly proficient in the handling of trains in the yards and the offer which came to him from the Clover Leaf means a promotion to a yard mastership. He leaves Toledo to locate at Charleston, Ill., where the general officers of the St. Louis division are located.

If you wish to make a loan or renew a loan, you can save money by calling on C. H. Folsom.

A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying and exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. What it needed is that which is cleansing, soothing, protecting and healing. Such a remedy is Ely's Cream Balm. Price 50 cents at druggists or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. The Balm when placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. A cold in the head vanishes quickly.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds too, down to the verge of consumption.

SECOND

Regiment May Put it to a Vote

And the Boys Themselves Will Decide as to Whether the Camp Will be at Buffalo.

There is still a possibility that the Second Regiment, O. N. G., will hold its annual encampment at Buffalo, this year. Next Wednesday the board of administration will meet in executive session in this city. This body is composed of the Colonel, the Lieutenant Colonel the Regimental Adjutant and the three Majors.

At this session, the board will determine whether it would be a feasible plan to submit a final decision to the question, to the vote of the various companies. Each private or officer, wiuld be required to pay for his own transportation beyond the Ohio Line. Up to this point the travel will be at the state's expense. The rations and living incidentals will also be furnished from state headquarters.

The members of the local company are heartily in favor of inconveniencing themselves to the small degree necessary to secure the camp and the other like bodies of the regiment are undoubtedly of like opinion.

A. O. H. NOTICE.

There will be a regular meeting of Division No. 1, tomorrow evening, Tuesday, April 9, at 7:30. Initiation of candidates in first and second degrees. Let there be a full attendance. By order of

PRESIDENT.

C. H. Folsom has many of the most desirable homes and vacant lots in the city for sale at low prices and easy payments.

ORIENTAL RUGS.

It is an immense stock of the earnest weaves of Turkey and Persian, which is now on exhibition in the Masonic Temple. On account of his departure to the Orient in the near future, Mr. Simoyan is offering them at very low prices. Thursday of this week is positively the last day.

Do you want to borrow money? If so, C. H. Folsom can furnish you money at the very lowest rate of interest and save you money.

LOWERED

Himself from the Third Story With a Rope,

Fatally Shot a Man In One of the Lower Rooms and Escaped. Jealousy Alleged Cause.

Wichita, April 8. — An assassin lowered himself from the third story of a building by a rope last night and shot into the room of Edward Sines, inflicting a fatal wound. He then escaped before the horrified citizens knew what he was doing. Sines accuses T. J. Robinson, of shooting him and says he was jealous of Mrs. Robinson. Robinson has been arrested but he refuses to say anything concerning the victim's accusations.

WANTED.

YOUNG MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in eight weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 48-6t

FOR SALE—A fine Shetland pony. Call at 319 north Metcalf St. 48tf

FOR SALE—A desirably located, 12 room, modern home. Address—W. Care Times office. 48tf

FOR RENT—House on west North street, with all modern improvements. Inquire at O. F. Kemmer's office, or write to H. H. Pletcher, Elmore, O. 49tf

MANAGER—Energetic man; manage branch; old established house. No soliciting; office duties wholly; salary $125 a month; extra commissions; yearly engagement; rapid advancement; experience not necessary. Must furnish references and $800 cash. Drawer 74, New Haven, Conn. 50-3t

WANTED—Two first class seamstresses at once. Call at corner of Market and Elizabeth streets. Mrs. Frisby. 50-3t*

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. W. Cochran, 326 west High street. 1t

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®